



Cambridge IGCSE™

ACCOUNTING

0452/21

Paper 2

May/June 2020

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 120

Published

Students did not sit exam papers in the June 2020 series due to the Covid-19 global pandemic.

This mark scheme is published to support teachers and students and should be read together with the question paper. It shows the requirements of the exam. The answer column of the mark scheme shows the proposed basis on which Examiners would award marks for this exam. Where appropriate, this column also provides the most likely acceptable alternative responses expected from students. Examiners usually review the mark scheme after they have seen student responses and update the mark scheme if appropriate. In the June series, Examiners were unable to consider the acceptability of alternative responses, as there were no student responses to consider.

Mark schemes should usually be read together with the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers. However, because students did not sit exam papers, there is no Principal Examiner Report for Teachers for the June 2020 series.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™ and Cambridge International A & AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **18** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks																																																																														
1(a)	<table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td>\$</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Sales</td><td></td><td>10 542</td><td>(2)CF/(1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Cost of sales</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Opening inventory</td><td>900</td><td>*</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Purchases</td><td>7 600</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>8 500</u></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Less Closing inventory</td><td><u>970</u></td><td>*(1)</td><td><u>7 530</u> (1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Gross profit</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>3 012</u></td></tr></table> * mark for opening and closing inventory Any format acceptable		\$	\$		Sales		10 542	(2)CF/(1)OF	Cost of sales				Opening inventory	900	*		Purchases	7 600				<u>8 500</u>			Less Closing inventory	<u>970</u>	*(1)	<u>7 530</u> (1)OF	Gross profit			<u>3 012</u>	4																																														
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Gross profit			<u>3 012</u>																																																																													
1(b)	ZED Sports Club Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 29 February 2020 <table><tr><td>Date</td><td>Details</td><td>\$</td><td>Date</td><td>Details</td><td>\$</td></tr><tr><td>2020</td><td></td><td></td><td>2019</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Feb 29</td><td>Shop sales (1)OF</td><td>10 542</td><td>Mar 1</td><td>Balance b/d (1)</td><td>845</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Subscriptions }</td><td>11 400</td><td>2020</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Competition fees }(1)</td><td>915</td><td>Feb 29</td><td>Shop purchases (1)</td><td>7 600</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Competition prizes }</td><td>390</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Fittings }(1)</td><td>4 000</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Rent and insurance }</td><td>4 575</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Wages – shop assistant }(1)</td><td>2 000</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Balance c/d</td><td>3 447</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td><u>22 857</u></td><td></td><td></td><td><u>22 857</u></td></tr><tr><td>2020</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Mar 1</td><td>Balance b/d (1)OF</td><td>3 447</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> (1) Dates	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	2020			2019			Feb 29	Shop sales (1)OF	10 542	Mar 1	Balance b/d (1)	845		Subscriptions }	11 400	2020				Competition fees }(1)	915	Feb 29	Shop purchases (1)	7 600					Competition prizes }	390					Fittings }(1)	4 000					Rent and insurance }	4 575					Wages – shop assistant }(1)	2 000					Balance c/d	3 447			<u>22 857</u>			<u>22 857</u>	2020						Mar 1	Balance b/d (1)OF	3 447				8
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Question	Answer	Marks																																																																						
1(c)	ZED Sports Club Bank Reconciliation Statement at 29 February 2020 <table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Balance on bank statement</td><td></td><td></td><td>7 162</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Add: Amount not yet credited – competition fees</td><td>260</td><td>(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Bank error</td><td><u>25</u></td><td>(1)</td><td><u>285</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>7 447</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Less Cheque not yet presented – fittings</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>4 000</u></td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Balance in cash book</td><td></td><td></td><td>3 447</td><td>(1) OF</td></tr></table> Alternative presentation <table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Balance in cash book</td><td></td><td></td><td>3 447</td><td>(1) OF</td></tr><tr><td>Add: Cheque not yet presented – fittings</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>4 000</u></td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>7 447</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Less: Amount not yet credited – competition fees</td><td>260</td><td>(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Bank error</td><td><u>25</u></td><td>(1)</td><td><u>285</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Balance on bank statement</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>7 162</u></td><td>(1)</td></tr></table>		\$		\$		Balance on bank statement			7 162	(1)	Add: Amount not yet credited – competition fees	260	(1)			Bank error	<u>25</u>	(1)	<u>285</u>					7 447		Less Cheque not yet presented – fittings			<u>4 000</u>	(1)	Balance in cash book			3 447	(1) OF		\$		\$		Balance in cash book			3 447	(1) OF	Add: Cheque not yet presented – fittings			<u>4 000</u>	(1)				7 447		Less: Amount not yet credited – competition fees	260	(1)			Bank error	<u>25</u>	(1)	<u>285</u>		Balance on bank statement			<u>7 162</u>	(1)	5
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1(d)	<table><tr><th>Receipts and payments account</th><th>Income and expenditure account</th><th></th></tr><tr><td>Includes all money received and paid</td><td>Includes income and expenses</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>No adjustment made for accruals or prepayments</td><td>Adjustments made for accruals and prepayments</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Includes only monetary items</td><td>Includes non-monetary items Includes only revenue receipts and expenditure</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Includes both capital and revenue items</td><td>Balancing figure represents surplus/deficit</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Balancing figure represents bank balance</td><td></td><td>(1)</td></tr></table>			Receipts and payments account	Income and expenditure account		Includes all money received and paid	Includes income and expenses	(1)	No adjustment made for accruals or prepayments	Adjustments made for accruals and prepayments	(1)	Includes only monetary items	Includes non-monetary items Includes only revenue receipts and expenditure	(1)	Includes both capital and revenue items	Balancing figure represents surplus/deficit	(1)	Balancing figure represents bank balance		(1)	3
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	Balancing figure represents bank balance		(1)																			
Accept other valid points																						
Max (3) for comparative statements																						

Question	Answer	Marks																																																																												
2(a)	Ame Trial Balance at 31 March 2020 <table><tr><th></th><th>Debit \$</th><th>Credit \$</th><th></th></tr><tr><td>Capital</td><td></td><td>10 369</td><td>}</td></tr><tr><td>Drawings</td><td>4 000</td><td></td><td>}(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Equipment at cost</td><td>15 500</td><td></td><td>}</td></tr><tr><td>Provision for depreciation of equipment</td><td></td><td>3 100</td><td>}(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Inventory at 1 April 2019</td><td>1 765</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Trade receivables</td><td>1 290</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Bank overdraft</td><td></td><td>475</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Trade payables</td><td></td><td>1 600</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Sales</td><td></td><td>31 250</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Purchases</td><td>18 330</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Purchases returns</td><td></td><td>910</td><td>}(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Carriage inwards</td><td>640</td><td></td><td>}</td></tr><tr><td>Discount received</td><td></td><td>815</td><td>}</td></tr><tr><td>Commission receivable</td><td></td><td>1 500</td><td>}(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Rent and Insurance</td><td>5 700</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Office expenses</td><td>2 425</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Suspense</td><td>369</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>50 019</td><td>50 019</td><td>(1)OF</td></tr></table>		Debit \$	Credit \$		Capital		10 369	}	Drawings	4 000		}(1)	Equipment at cost	15 500		}	Provision for depreciation of equipment		3 100	}(1)	Inventory at 1 April 2019	1 765			Trade receivables	1 290			Bank overdraft		475	(1)	Trade payables		1 600		Sales		31 250		Purchases	18 330			Purchases returns		910	}(1)	Carriage inwards	640		}	Discount received		815	}	Commission receivable		1 500	}(1)	Rent and Insurance	5 700			Office expenses	2 425			Suspense	369				50 019	50 019	(1)OF	6
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Question	Answer					Marks
2(b)						9
	Error	Entries required to correct the error				
		Debit		Credit		
		Account	\$	Account	\$	
No entry had been made for cash sales, \$60.		Cash	60	Sales	60	
Office expenses, \$240, had been credited to the wages account. No debit entry had been made.		Office expenses	240 (1)	Suspense	480 (1)	
		Wages	240 (1)			
The purchases journal total for March 2020 was \$2165. This amount was incorrectly recorded in the purchases account as \$2651.		Suspense	486 (1)	Purchases	486 (1)	
An insurance payment, \$375, had been correctly recorded in the cash book but no other entry has been made.		Rent and insurance	375 (1)	Suspense	375 (1)	
The purchase of equipment, \$800, was correctly recorded in the cash book but debited to the office expenses account.		Equipment	800 (1)	Office expenses	800 (1)	

Question	Answer						Marks
2(c)	Ame Suspense account						5
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	2020			2020			
	Mar 31	Difference on trial balance (1) OF	369	Mar 31	Office expenses (1)	240	
					Wages (1)	240	
		Purchases (1)	486		Rent and insurance (1)	375	
			855			855	

Question	Answer	Marks																																																																																				
3(a)	Chippo Manufacturing Account for the year ended 30 April 2020 <table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td>\$</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Cost of material consumed</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Opening inventory of raw material</td><td>3 120</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Purchases of raw material</td><td>46 500</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>49 620</u></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Less Closing inventory of raw material</td><td><u>3 000</u></td><td>46 620</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Direct wages</td><td></td><td>38 250</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Direct expenses – royalties</td><td></td><td><u>7 690</u></td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Prime cost</td><td></td><td>92 560</td><td>(1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Factory overheads</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Wages – factory supervisor</td><td>28 500</td><td>(1)</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Factory general expenses</td><td>4 500</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Factory fuel and power</td><td>5 325</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Rent and insurance (28 000 × 50%)</td><td>14 000</td><td>(1)</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Depreciation of machinery (60 000 – 21 600) × 20%</td><td><u>7 680</u></td><td>(1)</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td><u>60 005</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>152 565</td><td>(1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Add opening work in progress</td><td><u>5 400</u></td><td>*</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>157 965</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Less closing work in progress</td><td></td><td><u>5 590</u></td><td>*(1) both</td></tr><tr><td>Cost of production</td><td></td><td><u>152 375</u></td><td>(1) OF</td></tr></table> *mark for both opening and closing work-in-progress		\$	\$		Cost of material consumed				Opening inventory of raw material	3 120			Purchases of raw material	46 500				<u>49 620</u>			Less Closing inventory of raw material	<u>3 000</u>	46 620	(1)	Direct wages		38 250	(1)	Direct expenses – royalties		<u>7 690</u>	(1)	Prime cost		92 560	(1)OF	Factory overheads				Wages – factory supervisor	28 500	(1)		Factory general expenses	4 500			Factory fuel and power	5 325			Rent and insurance (28 000 × 50%)	14 000	(1)		Depreciation of machinery (60 000 – 21 600) × 20%	<u>7 680</u>	(1)				<u>60 005</u>				152 565	(1)OF	Add opening work in progress	<u>5 400</u>	*				157 965		Less closing work in progress		<u>5 590</u>	*(1) both	Cost of production		<u>152 375</u>	(1) OF	10
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Question	Answer	Marks																											
3(b)	Chippo Income Statement (Trading Account section) for the year ended 30 April 2020 <table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td>\$</td></tr><tr><td>Revenue</td><td></td><td>254 000</td></tr><tr><td>Less Cost of sales</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Opening inventory of finished goods</td><td>8 220</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Cost of production</td><td>152 375</td><td>(1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Purchases of finished goods</td><td>59 000</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td> 219 595 </td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Less Closing inventory of finished goods</td><td>7 885</td><td>211 710 (1) OF</td></tr><tr><td>Gross profit</td><td></td><td> 42 290 (1)OF</td></tr></table>		\$	\$	Revenue		254 000	Less Cost of sales			Opening inventory of finished goods	8 220		Cost of production	152 375	(1)OF	Purchases of finished goods	59 000	(1)		219 595		Less Closing inventory of finished goods	7 885	211 710 (1) OF	Gross profit		42 290 (1)OF	4
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3(c)	<table><tr><td>Action</td><td>Increase gross profit</td><td>Decrease gross profit</td></tr><tr><td>Increase wages of factory supervisor</td><td></td><td>✓(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Reduce trade discount allowed to customers</td><td>✓(1)</td><td></td></tr></table>	Action	Increase gross profit	Decrease gross profit	Increase wages of factory supervisor		✓(1)	Reduce trade discount allowed to customers	✓(1)		2																		
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Increase wages of factory supervisor		✓(1)																											
Reduce trade discount allowed to customers	✓(1)																												

Question	Answer	Marks
3(d)	Advantages A manufacturing business such as Chippo's, which requires machinery as well as premises, would usually operate as a limited company (1) Chippo would be able to raise some money by issuing shares (1) It may be easier for Chippo to obtain finance for the proposed expansion if the business is a limited company (1) If Chippo converts the business to a limited company, her personal assets will be safer (1) If Chippo continues to manufacture as a sole trader, the lender could take her personal assets if the assets of the business were insufficient to cover any loans (1) Accept other valid points Max (2) Disadvantages The lender is likely to require security over the company's assets (1) The lender could take possession of the assets of the business if payments were not made in accordance with the agreed terms (1) There will be costs involved in setting up and running a limited company (1) Accept other valid points Max (2) Max (3) overall for advantages and disadvantages Recommendation (1)	4

Question	Answer					Marks																									
4(a)	<table><tr><th>Item</th><th>Net realisable value \$</th><th>Lower of cost and net realisable value \$</th><th>Number of units</th><th>Total value \$</th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td>20 – 2 = 18</td><td>17</td><td>110</td><td>1 870 (1)</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>19 – 1 = 18</td><td>18</td><td>85</td><td>1 530 (1)</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>16 – 2 = 14</td><td>14</td><td>90</td><td>1 260 (1)</td></tr><tr><td>Total</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4 660 (1)</td></tr></table>					Item	Net realisable value \$	Lower of cost and net realisable value \$	Number of units	Total value \$	A	20 – 2 = 18	17	110	1 870 (1)	B	19 – 1 = 18	18	85	1 530 (1)	C	16 – 2 = 14	14	90	1 260 (1)	Total				4 660 (1)	4
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4(c)	Advantages The obsolete inventory is a loss to Rani’s business (1) She will wish to avoid such losses in the future (1) Holding inventory necessitates storage costs (1) If Rani stops buying item D, she may have funds available for other business opportunities (1) Rani had difficulty in monitoring four types of inventory (1) Accept other valid points Max (2) Disadvantages Rani needs to consider that it may be risky to stock only three of the four lines of inventory in the future (1) There may be customer demand in future for item D (1) Customers who have to start buying item D from another supplier may also buy items A, B and C from them (1) Accept other valid points Max (2) Recommendation (1)					5																									

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5(b)	MPT Limited Statement of Financial Position at 30 April 2020 <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 60%;"></th><th style="width: 20%; text-align: right;">\$</th><th style="width: 20%; text-align: right;">\$</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Assets</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Non-current Assets</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Fixtures and equipment at book value</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">152 000</td></tr> <tr> <td>Motor vehicles at book value</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">60 400</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>212 400</u> (1)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Current Assets</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Inventory</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">30 330</td></tr> <tr> <td>Trade receivables</td><td style="text-align: right;">31 500</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Less Provision for doubtful debts</td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>630</u></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>30 870</u> (1)</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>61 200</u> (1)OF</td></tr> <tr> <td>Total assets</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>273 600</u></td></tr> <tr> <td>Equity and Liabilities</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Equity</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Ordinary share capital</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">150 000</td></tr> <tr> <td>General reserve (35 000 + 5 000)</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">40 000 (1)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Retained earnings</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>32 500</u> (1)OF</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>222 500</u></td></tr> <tr> <td>Non-current Liabilities</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>5% Debentures</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>20 000</u> (1)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Current Liabilities</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Trade payables</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">24 900</td></tr> <tr> <td>Bank</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">6 200</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>31 100</u> (1)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Total Equity and Liabilities</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>273 600</u></td></tr> </tbody> </table>		\$	\$	Assets			Non-current Assets			Fixtures and equipment at book value		152 000	Motor vehicles at book value		60 400			<u>212 400</u> (1)	Current Assets			Inventory		30 330	Trade receivables	31 500		Less Provision for doubtful debts	<u>630</u>	<u>30 870</u> (1)			<u>61 200</u> (1)OF	Total assets		<u>273 600</u>	Equity and Liabilities			Equity			Ordinary share capital		150 000	General reserve (35 000 + 5 000)		40 000 (1)	Retained earnings		<u>32 500</u> (1)OF			<u>222 500</u>	Non-current Liabilities			5% Debentures		<u>20 000</u> (1)	Current Liabilities			Trade payables		24 900	Bank		6 200			<u>31 100</u> (1)	Total Equity and Liabilities		<u>273 600</u>	7
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5(d)	Either $\frac{28\,000 + 1\,000 \text{ (1)}}{150\,000 + 40\,000 \text{ (1)OF} + 32\,500\text{OF} + 20\,000 \text{ (1)}} \times \frac{100}{1}$ $= \frac{29\,000}{242\,500} \times \frac{100}{1}$ $= 11.96\% \text{ (1)OF}$ Or $\frac{28\,000 + 1\,000 \text{ (1)}}{273\,600 \text{ (1)OF} - 31\,100 \text{ (1)}} \times \frac{100}{1}$ $= 11.96\% \text{ (1)OF}$	4

Question	Answer	Marks
5(e)	Basic statements – Increase profit for the year (1) Reduce capital employed (1) Use capital employed more effectively (1) Max (3) Expansion of basic statements – Ways to increase profit for the year – Increase profit by increasing gross profit (1) Reduce expenses (1) Increase other income (1) Max (2) Ways to reduce capital employed – Increase dividend (so reducing reserves) (1) Reduce non-current liabilities (1) Max (2) Ways to use capital employed more effectively – combine lower costs with higher sales (1) sell off surplus/inefficient assets that generate little revenue/increase costs (1) Max (2) Max (5)	5