

Cambridge IGCSE™

ACCOUNTING**0452/21**

Paper 2 Structured

October/November 2024**MARK SCHEME**Maximum Mark: 100

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2024 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **18** printed pages.

PUBLISHED**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

PUBLISHED**Social Science-Specific Marking Principles
(for point-based marking)****1 Components using point-based marking:**

- Point marking is often used to reward knowledge, understanding and application of skills. We give credit where the candidate's answer shows relevant knowledge, understanding and application of skills in answering the question. We do not give credit where the answer shows confusion.

From this it follows that we:

- a** DO credit answers which are worded differently from the mark scheme if they clearly convey the same meaning (unless the mark scheme requires a specific term)
- b** DO credit alternative answers/examples which are not written in the mark scheme if they are correct
- c** DO credit answers where candidates give more than one correct answer in one prompt/numbered/scaffolded space where extended writing is required rather than list-type answers. For example, questions that require *n* reasons (e.g. State two reasons ...).
- d** DO NOT credit answers simply for using a 'key term' unless that is all that is required. (Check for evidence it is understood and not used wrongly.)
- e** DO NOT credit answers which are obviously self-contradicting or trying to cover all possibilities
- f** DO NOT give further credit for what is effectively repetition of a correct point already credited unless the language itself is being tested. This applies equally to 'mirror statements' (i.e. polluted/not polluted).
- g** DO NOT require spellings to be correct, unless this is part of the test. However spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. Corrasion/Corrosion)

2 Presentation of mark scheme:

- Slashes (/) or the word 'or' separate alternative ways of making the same point.
- Semi colons (;) bullet points (•) or figures in brackets (1) separate different points.
- Content in the answer column in brackets is for examiner information/context to clarify the marking but is not required to earn the mark (except Accounting syllabuses where they indicate negative numbers).

3 Calculation questions:

- The mark scheme will show the steps in the most likely correct method(s), the mark for each step, the correct answer(s) and the mark for each answer
- If working/explanation is considered essential for full credit, this will be indicated in the question paper and in the mark scheme. In all other instances, the correct answer to a calculation should be given full credit, even if no supporting working is shown.
- Where the candidate uses a valid method which is not covered by the mark scheme, award equivalent marks for reaching equivalent stages.
- Where an answer makes use of a candidate's own incorrect figure from previous working, the 'own figure rule' applies: full marks will be given if a correct and complete method is used. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

4 Annotation:

- For point marking, ticks can be used to indicate correct answers and crosses can be used to indicate wrong answers. There is no direct relationship between ticks and marks. Ticks have no defined meaning for levels of response marking.
- For levels of response marking, the level awarded should be annotated on the script.
- Other annotations will be used by examiners as agreed during standardisation, and the meaning will be understood by all examiners who marked that paper.

Annotation	Description	Use
	Tick	Indicates a point which is relevant and rewardable.
	Cross	Indicates a point which is inaccurate/irrelevant and not rewardable.
	Benefit of doubt	Used when the benefit of the doubt is given in order to reward a response.
	An extraneous figure or item in the statement	
	OF	Own figure
	Noted but no credit given	Indicates that content has been recognised but not rewarded.
	Repetition	Indicates where content has been repeated.

Question	Answer						Marks																																																								
1(a)	Jenny Cash Book – bank columns <table><tr><th>Date 2024</th><th>Details</th><th></th><th>\$</th><th>Date 2024</th><th>Details</th><th></th><th>\$</th></tr><tr><td>Mar 1</td><td>M Stores</td><td>(1)</td><td>1 900</td><td>Mar 1</td><td>Balance b/d</td><td>(1)</td><td>1 933</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Interest received</td><td>(1)</td><td>358</td><td></td><td>C Stores (dis. chq)</td><td>(1)</td><td>1 121</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Drawings/Correction of error</td><td>(1)</td><td>45</td><td></td><td>Bank charges</td><td>}</td><td>125</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Balance c/d</td><td></td><td><u>1 166</u></td><td></td><td>Electricity</td><td>} (1)</td><td>290</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u>3 469</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u>3 469</u></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2024 Mar 1</td><td>Balance b/d</td><td>(1)OF</td><td>1 166</td></tr></table>						Date 2024	Details		\$	Date 2024	Details		\$	Mar 1	M Stores	(1)	1 900	Mar 1	Balance b/d	(1)	1 933		Interest received	(1)	358		C Stores (dis. chq)	(1)	1 121		Drawings/Correction of error	(1)	45		Bank charges	}	125		Balance c/d		<u>1 166</u>		Electricity	} (1)	290				<u>3 469</u>				<u>3 469</u>					2024 Mar 1	Balance b/d	(1)OF	1 166	7
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Question	Answer	Marks																																																																																										
1(b)	Jenny Bank reconciliation statement at 29 February 2024 <table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Balance on bank statement</td><td></td><td></td><td>1 367</td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Amounts not yet credited</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cheque – Y Traders</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>792</u></td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2 159</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Amounts not presented</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cheque – B Properties</td><td>1 025</td><td>(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Credit transfer – Rent and insurance</td><td><u>2 300</u></td><td>(1)</td><td><u>3 325</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Balance in cash book</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>(1 166)</u></td><td>(1)OF</td></tr></table> Alternative presentation <table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Balance in cash book</td><td></td><td></td><td>(1 166)</td><td>(1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Amounts not presented</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cheque – B Properties</td><td>1 025</td><td>(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Credit transfer – Rent and insurance</td><td><u>2 300</u></td><td>(1)</td><td><u>3 325</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2 159</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Amounts not yet credited</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cheque – Y Traders</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>(792)</u></td><td>(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Balance on bank statement</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>1 367</u></td><td>(1)</td></tr></table>		\$		\$		Balance on bank statement			1 367	(1)	Amounts not yet credited					Cheque – Y Traders			<u>792</u>	(1)				2 159		Amounts not presented					Cheque – B Properties	1 025	(1)			Credit transfer – Rent and insurance	<u>2 300</u>	(1)	<u>3 325</u>		Balance in cash book			<u>(1 166)</u>	(1)OF		\$		\$		Balance in cash book			(1 166)	(1)OF	Amounts not presented					Cheque – B Properties	1 025	(1)			Credit transfer – Rent and insurance	<u>2 300</u>	(1)	<u>3 325</u>					2 159		Amounts not yet credited					Cheque – Y Traders			<u>(792)</u>	(1)	Balance on bank statement			<u>1 367</u>	(1)	5
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1(c)	An accurate bank balance is available Errors on bank statement can be identified Errors in the bank account can be identified Assists with discovering fraud and embezzlement Cheques not presented can be identified Amounts not credited by the bank can be identified Any stale (out of date) cheques can be identified Any 2 advantages (1) each	2																																																																																										
1(d)	It is an asset to the bank/it is money owed to the bank	1																																																																																										

Question	Answer	Marks
1(e)	Advantages Improves bank balance/ improve liquidity Money available to run the business/pay trade payables/business expenses Reduces interest/bank charges from bank Improves relationship with bank Any other valid points Max 3 Disadvantages Lack of funds for own personal use May not have sufficient personal funds available May have to obtain a personal loan Will lose interest on investments if they have to be withdrawn More personal funds at risk Accept other valid points Max 3 Recommendation (1)	5

Question	Answer				Marks																																																																								
2(a)	Ali & Sai Profit and loss appropriation account for the year ended 30 June 2024 <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">\$</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">\$</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Profit for the year (42 700 (1) – 500 (1))</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">42 200</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Add Interest on drawings</td><td>Ali</td><td style="text-align: right;">550</td><td>(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>Sai</td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>800</u></td><td>(1)</td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>1 350</u></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">43 550</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Less Interest on capital</td><td>Ali</td><td style="text-align: right;">3 600</td><td>(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>Sai</td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>2 400</u></td><td>(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">6 000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Salary</td><td>Sai</td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>10 050</u></td><td>(1)</td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>16 050</u></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Residual profit</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">27 500</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Profit share</td><td>Ali</td><td style="text-align: right;">16 500</td><td>}(1)OF</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>Sai</td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>11 000</u></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;"><u>27 500</u></td><td></td></tr> </table>						\$		\$		Profit for the year (42 700 (1) – 500 (1))				42 200		Add Interest on drawings	Ali	550	(1)				Sai	<u>800</u>	(1)	<u>1 350</u>						43 550		Less Interest on capital	Ali	3 600	(1)				Sai	<u>2 400</u>	(1)					6 000				Salary	Sai	<u>10 050</u>	(1)	<u>16 050</u>		Residual profit				27 500		Profit share	Ali	16 500	}(1)OF				Sai	<u>11 000</u>		<u>27 500</u>		8
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2(b)	Sai Capital account <table><tr><th>Date</th><th>Details</th><th>\$</th><th>Date</th><th>Details</th><th>\$</th></tr><tr><td>2024 June 30</td><td>Balance c/d</td><td><u>40 000</u> <u>40 000</u></td><td>2023 July 1</td><td>Balance b/d</td><td><u>40 000</u> <u>40 000</u></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2024 July 1</td><td>Balance b/d (1)</td><td>40 000</td></tr></table> Sai Current account <table><tr><th>Date</th><th>Details</th><th>\$</th><th>Date</th><th>Details</th><th>\$</th></tr><tr><td>2024 June 30</td><td>Drawings (1) Interest on drawings (1)OF Balance c/d</td><td>16 000 800 6 900 <u>23 700</u></td><td>2023 July 1</td><td>Balance b/d (1)</td><td>250</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2024 June 30</td><td>Interest on capital (1)OF Salary (1) Profit share (1)OF</td><td>2 400 10 050 <u>11 000</u> <u>23 700</u></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2024 July 1</td><td>Balance b/d (1)OF</td><td>6 900</td></tr></table>	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	2024 June 30	Balance c/d	<u>40 000</u> <u>40 000</u>	2023 July 1	Balance b/d	<u>40 000</u> <u>40 000</u>				2024 July 1	Balance b/d (1)	40 000	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	2024 June 30	Drawings (1) Interest on drawings (1)OF Balance c/d	16 000 800 6 900 <u>23 700</u>	2023 July 1	Balance b/d (1)	250				2024 June 30	Interest on capital (1)OF Salary (1) Profit share (1)OF	2 400 10 050 <u>11 000</u> <u>23 700</u>				2024 July 1	Balance b/d (1)OF	6 900	8
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2(c)	Profits have to be shared among the partners Decisions must be recognised by all partners Decisions may take longer to put into effect One partner's actions on behalf of the business are binding on all partners Disagreements can occur All partners are responsible for the debts of the business Accept other valid advantages Any 2 disadvantages (1) each	2																																										

Question	Answer				Marks
2(d)	Ali and Sai Journal				2
	Date	Details	Debit \$	Credit \$	
		Interest on loan Bank	500	500	

Question	Answer				Marks
3(a)	Natalie Journal				10
	Error number	Details	Debit \$	Credit \$	
	1	Suspense (1) Sarah (1)	420	420	
	2	Motor vehicles {(1) Vehicle maintenance { Capital (1)	7 000 7 000	14 000	
	3	Purchases (1) Suspense (1)	63	63	
	4	General expenses (1) Bank (1)	126	126	
	5	Drawings (1) Cash (1)	400	400	

Question	Answer						Marks																											
3(b)	Natalie Suspense account <table><tr><td>Date 2024 Mar 31</td><td>Details Sarah</td><td>(1)</td><td>\$ 420</td><td>Date 2024 Mar 31</td><td>Details Difference on trial balance Purchases</td><td>(1) (1)</td><td>\$ 357 <u>63</u> <u>420</u></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u>420</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						Date 2024 Mar 31	Details Sarah	(1)	\$ 420	Date 2024 Mar 31	Details Difference on trial balance Purchases	(1) (1)	\$ 357 <u>63</u> <u>420</u>				<u>420</u>					3											
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3(d)	<table><tr><td rowspan="2">Error Number</td><td colspan="3">Effect on profit</td></tr><tr><td>decrease</td><td>increase</td><td>no effect</td></tr><tr><td>Error 1</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓(1)</td></tr><tr><td>Error 2</td><td>✓(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Error 3</td><td>✓(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Error 4</td><td>✓ (1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Error 5</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓(1)</td></tr></table>						Error Number	Effect on profit			decrease	increase	no effect	Error 1			✓(1)	Error 2	✓(1)			Error 3	✓(1)			Error 4	✓ (1)			Error 5			✓(1)	5
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Error 5			✓(1)																															

Question	Answer		Marks															
4(a)	<table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td>\$</td></tr><tr><td>Cost of vehicles at start</td><td>440 000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Add Cost of new vehicles</td><td><u>70 000</u></td><td>510 000</td></tr><tr><td>Less Cost of vehicle sold</td><td></td><td><u>28 000</u></td></tr><tr><td>Cost of vehicles held at year end</td><td></td><td><u>482 000</u> (1)</td></tr></table>		\$	\$	Cost of vehicles at start	440 000		Add Cost of new vehicles	<u>70 000</u>	510 000	Less Cost of vehicle sold		<u>28 000</u>	Cost of vehicles held at year end		<u>482 000</u> (1)	Depreciation for the year = 482 000 × 20% = 96 400 (1)OF	2
	\$	\$																
Cost of vehicles at start	440 000																	
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Cost of vehicles held at year end		<u>482 000</u> (1)																

Question	Answer						Marks
4(b)	Delivery vehicles account						10
	Date 2023 Jan 1 Apr 1 2024 Jan 1	Details Balance b/d L Autos Balance b/d	\$ 440 000 <u>70 000</u> <u>510 000</u> 482 000	Date 2023 Nov 30 Dec 31 2024 Jan 1	Details Disposal Balance c/d Balance b/d	\$ 28 000 <u>482 000</u> <u>510 000</u> 349 600	
	Provision for depreciation of delivery vehicles account						
	Date 2023 Nov 30 Dec 31	Details Disposal Balance c/d	\$ 16 800 <u>349 600</u> <u>366 400</u>	Date 2023 Jan 1 Dec 31 2024 Jan 1	Details Balance b/d Income statement Balance b/d	\$ 270 000 <u>96 400</u> <u>366 400</u> 349 600	
	Disposal of delivery vehicle account						
	Date 2023 Nov 30	Details Delivery vehicles	\$ 28 000 <u>28 000</u>	Date 2023 Nov 30 Dec 31	Details Prov. for depreciation Bank Income statement	\$ 16 800 10 500 <u>700</u> <u>28 000</u>	
	(1) dates						

Question	Answer	Marks																
4(c)	Advantages Application of the matching principle Vehicles would be valued at a more realistic/accurate figure May reflect the estimate of loss in value for vehicles more accurately/ depreciation may be more accurate Appropriate for vehicles as they lose more value/greater benefits are gained in the early years Total depreciation/annual depreciation charge will be lower Accept other valid points Max 2 Disadvantages More difficult to calculate depreciation /need to recalculate depreciation each year The depreciation charge is higher in the early years Changing methods is against the consistency principle Changing methods makes comparisons between years more difficult Non-current asset may be overvalued Accept other valid points Max 2 Recommendation (1)	5																
4(d)	<table><tr><td>Non-current asset</td><td>Straight line</td><td>Revaluation</td><td>No depreciation</td></tr><tr><td>Land</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓ (1)</td></tr><tr><td>Fixtures & fittings</td><td>✓(1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Loose tools</td><td></td><td>✓ (1)</td><td></td></tr></table>	Non-current asset	Straight line	Revaluation	No depreciation	Land			✓ (1)	Fixtures & fittings	✓(1)			Loose tools		✓ (1)		3
Non-current asset	Straight line	Revaluation	No depreciation															
Land			✓ (1)															
Fixtures & fittings	✓(1)																	
Loose tools		✓ (1)																

Question	Answer				Marks
5(a)	G Limited				10
	Manufacturing account for the year ended 31 March 2024				
		\$		\$	
	Cost of materials consumed				
	Opening inventory of raw materials			18 200	
	Purchases of raw materials			68 000	
				86 200	
	Less Closing inventory of raw materials			19 280	
				66 920	
	Direct wages			183 700	
	Royalties			3 240	
	Prime cost			253 860	
	Factory overheads				
	Wages of factory supervisor	47 200	}(1)		
	Factory general expenses	20 250	}		
	Factory rates and insurance				
	(7 100 + 620) × 60%	4 632	(1)		
Depreciation of factory machinery					
(247 000 – 51 500) × 15%	29 325	(1)	101 407		
			355 267		
Add Opening work in progress			23 400		
			378 667		
Less Closing work in progress			22 650		
Cost of production			356 017		

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Question	Answer	Marks																																																		
5(b)	G Limited Income Statement (Trading section) for the year ended 31 March 2024 <table><tr><td></td><td>\$</td><td>\$</td><td>\$</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Revenue</td><td></td><td></td><td>523 908</td><td>(1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Less Cost of sales</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Opening inventory finished goods</td><td></td><td>6 820</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cost of production</td><td></td><td>356 017</td><td>(1)OF</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Purchases of finished goods</td><td>32 413</td><td>} (1)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Carriage inwards on finished goods</td><td><u>2 180</u></td><td>}</td><td><u>34 593</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>397 430</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Less Closing inventory of finished goods</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>9 350</u></td><td>(1)OF</td></tr><tr><td>Gross Profit</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>135 828</u></td><td>(1)OF</td></tr></table>		\$	\$	\$		Revenue			523 908	(1)OF	Less Cost of sales					Opening inventory finished goods		6 820			Cost of production		356 017	(1)OF		Purchases of finished goods	32 413	} (1)			Carriage inwards on finished goods	<u>2 180</u>	}	<u>34 593</u>					397 430		Less Closing inventory of finished goods			<u>9 350</u>	(1)OF	Gross Profit			<u>135 828</u>	(1)OF	5
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Gross Profit			<u>135 828</u>	(1)OF																																																
5(c)	Advantages Better trained staff Improved debt collection period/reduce trade receivables turnover/money received from credit customers more quickly/improved cash flow Improved credit control Risk of irrecoverable debts reduced Only have to pay fee once but benefits should continue Accept other valid points Max 2 Disadvantages Fee charged by consultant/cannot afford the fee May damage relationship with customers May be reduction in sales New procedures are not guaranteed to generate improvements No time to train staff Additional costs may be incurred Accept other valid points Max 2 Recommendation (1)	5																																																		