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COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/23

Paper 2 Problem-solving and Programming

May/June 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- **Do not attempt Tasks 1, 2 and 3** in the copy of the pre-release material on page 2; these are for information only.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

This document has **12** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

Section A

You are advised to spend no longer than 40 minutes answering this section.

Here is a copy of the pre-release material.

DO NOT attempt Tasks 1, 2 and 3 now.

Use the pre-release material and your experience from attempting the tasks before the examination to answer Question 1.

Pre-release material

A school snack shop sells the following items:

Category	Item code	Description	Price (\$)	Healthy?
Fruit	FR1	Apple	1.00	Yes
Fruit	FR2	Banana	1.25	Yes
Fruit	FR3	Orange	1.00	Yes
Fruit	FR4	Peach	1.30	Yes
Sandwich	SN1	Cheese	1.75	Yes
Sandwich	SN2	Cheese and Tomato	2.20	Yes
Sandwich	SN3	Chicken	2.00	Yes
Sandwich	SN4	Chicken Salad	2.35	Yes
Sandwich	SN5	Salad (Vegetarian)	2.00	Yes
Crisps	CR1	Salted	1.00	No
Crisps	CR2	Cheese and Onion	1.00	No
Crisps	CR3	Barbecue	1.00	No
Crisps	CR4	Prawn Cocktail	1.00	No
Confectionery	CN1	Biscuits	0.95	No
Confectionery	CN2	Chocolate Bar	1.05	No
Confectionery	CN3	Toffee and Chocolate Bar	1.25	No
Confectionery	CN4	Chocolate Wafers	1.30	No
Drink	DR1	Cola	1.20	No
Drink	DR2	Lemon and Lime Soda	1.20	No
Drink	DR3	Orange Soda	1.20	No
Drink	DR4	Orange Juice	1.50	Yes
Drink	DR5	Apple Juice	1.50	Yes

Write and test a program or programs for this snack shop.

- Your program or programs must include appropriate prompts for the entry of data; data must be validated on entry.
- Error messages and other output need to be set out clearly and understandably.
- All arrays, variables, constants and other identifiers must have meaningful names.

You will need to complete these **three** tasks. Each task must be fully tested.

Task 1 – Setting up the system to show the items for sale and to allow items to be selected

Write a program to:

- use arrays to store the item code, description, price and whether or not the item is healthy
- allow a customer to choose an item to purchase
- output the description of each chosen item, its price and whether or not it is healthy
- allow the customer to choose additional items until they decide to stop
- calculate and output the total price of the chosen items.

Task 2 – Specifying quantities and introducing restrictions

Extend **Task 1** to:

- allow the customer to input the quantity of each item they would like to purchase
- count the number of healthy and unhealthy items chosen by the customer. For example, two apples and a peach count as three healthy items
- check that the customer has chosen at least one healthy item for every two unhealthy items. If so, allow the customer to make the purchase. Otherwise, the purchase cannot proceed, a message is output to say the purchase is cancelled and the customer has to start again.

Task 3 – Offering discounts

Extend the program to:

- either** apply a 10% discount to the total price, when purchasing both healthy **and** unhealthy items, only if the number of healthy items matches or exceeds the number of unhealthy items
- or** apply a 20% discount to the total price if all the items purchased are healthy items
- calculate then output the new total price and the amount of money saved.

1 All variables, constants and other identifiers must have meaningful names.

(a) (i) Identify **one** array you could have used for **Task 1** and state its purpose.

Array

Purpose

.....

.....

[2]

(ii) Identify **one** variable you could have used for **Task 2** and state its purpose.

Variable

Purpose

.....

.....

[2]

(iii) Identify **one** constant you could have used for **Task 3** and state its purpose.

Constant

Purpose

.....

.....

[2]

(b) Explain why a student would be advised **not** to store the Healthy? data as a real data type and identify the most suitable data type for the Healthy? data.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

- (c) Write an algorithm for **Task 1** using **either** pseudocode, programming statements **or** a flowchart. It is **not** necessary to show initialisation or setting up of arrays.

This image shows a full page of a handwriting practice worksheet. It consists of approximately 20 horizontal rows. Each row is defined by two parallel dashed lines, creating a series of uniform gaps for letter height. The lines are evenly spaced across the entire page, providing a guide for consistent letter formation. There is no text or other markings on the page.

- (d) Explain how your program completes **Task 3**. Assume **Task 1** and **Task 2** have been completed. Any programming statements used in your answer must be fully explained.

[4]

- (e) Describe how you could alter your program to restrict the maximum number of items purchased by a customer to **six**.

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..... [2]

Section B

2 Draw a line to connect each **Description** to the most appropriate **Pseudocode example**.

Description

A loop that will iterate
at least once

A loop that will not be
executed on the first test
if the condition is false

A conditional statement

Totalling

Counting

Pseudocode example

CASE ... OF ... OTHERWISE ... ENDCASE

Number $\leftarrow$ Number + 1

WHILE ... DO ... ENDWHILE

Sum $\leftarrow$ Sum + NewValue

REPEAT ... UNTIL

[4]

- 3 This section of pseudocode is to be used as a validation check that will continue until a number between 0 and 499 inclusive is entered.

```

1      PRINT "Input a number from 0 to 499 inclusive"
2      FOR Number ← 1 TO 10
3          INPUT Number
4          IF Number < 0 AND Number > 499
5              THEN
6                  PRINT "Invalid number, please try again"
7          ENDIF
8      UNTIL Number = 0 OR Number = 499
9      PRINT Number, " is within the correct range"

```

There are **three** lines in this pseudocode that contain errors. In each case, state the line number to identify the incorrect line and write out the corrected line in full.

Error 1 line number

Correction

.....

Error 2 line number

Correction

.....

Error 3 line number

Correction

.....

[6]

4 A code must take the form LL9 9LL where L is a letter and 9 is a digit.

- (a) A presence check has already been used to ensure data has been entered. Name **two** other types of validation check that can be used to test the code is valid.

Check 1

Check 2

[2]

- (b) Give **one** example of invalid test data for each of the validation checks you have named in **part (a)** and in each case, give a reason why it fails the check. Each example of test data must be different.

Check 1 Invalid Test Data

.....

Reason

.....

.....

.....

Check 2 Invalid Test Data

.....

Reason

.....

.....

.....

[4]

5 This algorithm finds prime numbers.

The pre-defined function DIV gives the value of the result of integer division, for example, $y \leftarrow 9 \text{ DIV } 4$ gives y a value of 2

```

Flag ← False
INPUT Number
WHILE Number <> 0
  Divisor ← 2
  WHILE Divisor <= Number / 2
    Value ← Number DIV Divisor
    IF Number / Divisor = Value
      THEN
        Flag ← True
      ENDIF
    Divisor ← Divisor + 1
  ENDWHILE
  IF Flag = False
    THEN
      OUTPUT Number, " is prime"
    ENDIF
  INPUT Number
  Flag ← False
ENDWHILE

```

Complete the trace table for the algorithm using the input data:

5, 6, 8, 0, 11, 13

Flag	Number	Divisor	Value	OUTPUT

[5]

- 6 Draw the flowchart symbol for **Decision** and the flowchart symbol for **Process**.

Decision	Process

[2]

- 7 A convenience store which sells general groceries wants to set up a database table called STOCK. The table will contain fields including a description of the item, the price of the item and the number in stock for each item. The STOCK table also has a fourth field to be used as a primary key.

- (a) Complete the table to suggest a suitable field name for each of the **four** fields in the table STOCK. Give the purpose of the data to be stored in each field.

Field name	Purpose of field contents

[4]

- (b) Complete the query-by-example grid to output stock items where the quantity in stock has fallen below 20. Only show the primary key and description of the items.

Field:				
Table:				
Sort:				
Show:	☐	☐	☐	☐
Criteria:				
or:				

[3]

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