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COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/22

Paper 2 Algorithms, Programming and Logic

October/November 2024

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



1 Tick (✓) **one** box to complete this sentence.

A solution to a problem may be represented using pseudocode, flowcharts or

A procedures.

☐

B processes.

☐

C structure diagrams.

☐

D sub-systems.

☐

[1]

2 Tick (✓) **one** box to complete this sentence.

A pseudocode example of a selection statement is

A CALL Sorting(Value1, Value2)

☐

B DECLARE Count : INTEGER

☐

C IF X = 7 THEN Y ← 21 ENDIF

☐

D WHILE X <> -1 DO

☐

[1]

3 Four flowchart symbols and five purposes are shown.

(a) Draw **one** line to link each flowchart symbol to its correct purpose.

Not all purposes will be used.

Flowchart symbol

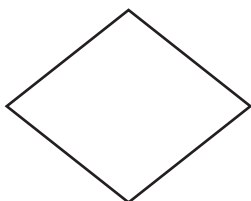
Purpose



subroutine



process



flow



decision

terminator

[4]





(b) An algorithm needs to total 50 numbers between 1 and 100 inclusive.

Draw a flowchart that:

- uses a count-controlled loop from 1 to 50
- uses an appropriate prompt to ask for a number between 1 and 100
- totals the numbers as they are entered
- outputs the total after the loop has completed with an appropriate message.





- 4 This pseudocode algorithm is intended to sort a pre-populated one-dimensional (1D) array named `ItemList` into alphabetical order using a bubble sort.

```

01 DECLARE ItemList : ARRAY[1:100] OF STRING
02 DECLARE Counter : STRING
03 DECLARE Limit : INTEGER
04 DECLARE Pass : INTEGER
05 DECLARE Swapped : BOOLEAN
06 DECLARE Temp : STRING
07 Limit ← 100
08 Pass ← 1
09 Temp ← TRUE
10 WHILE Swapped = TRUE OR Pass <= Limit - 1 DO
11     Swapped ← FALSE
12     FOR Counter ← 1 TO Limit - Pass
13         IF ItemList[Counter] > ItemList[Counter + 1]
14             THEN
15                 Temp ← ItemList[Counter]
16                 ItemList[Counter] ← ItemList[Counter + 1]
17                 ItemList[Counter + 1] ← Temp
18                 Swapped ← TRUE
19             ENDCASE
20         Pass ← Pass + 1
21     NEXT Counter
22 ENDWHILE

```

- (a) Identify the line numbers of **five** errors in the pseudocode and suggest a correction for each error.

Error 1 line number

Correction

.....

Error 2 line number

Correction

.....

Error 3 line number

Correction

.....

Error 4 line number

Correction

.....





Error 5 line number

Correction

.....

[5]

(b) A bubble sort algorithm can be written to include features that make it more efficient.

Explain why the **corrected** bubble sort algorithm is efficient.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

[3]

5 Analysis is one stage in the program development life cycle.

(a) State **one** other stage in the program development life cycle.

.....

[1]

(b) Describe the analysis stage of the program development life cycle.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

[3]

6 Outline **one** type of verification check that could be used when inputting data.

.....

.....

.....

.....

[2]





7 This pseudocode represents an algorithm.

An input of -1 will terminate the algorithm.

```
DECLARE Count : INTEGER
DECLARE Answer : INTEGER
DECLARE Value : INTEGER
REPEAT
  INPUT Value
  IF Value <> -1
    THEN
      Answer  $\leftarrow$  Value
      FOR Count  $\leftarrow$  Value - 1 TO 1 STEP -1
        Answer  $\leftarrow$  Answer * Count
      NEXT Count
      OUTPUT Answer
    ENDIF
  UNTIL Value = -1
```

(a) Complete the trace table for the input data:

5, 6, -1 , 20, 9, 4

Value	Count	Answer	OUTPUT



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(b) State the purpose of this algorithm.

.....
..... [1]

(c) Describe the problem that would be caused in this algorithm if a Value of 1, 0 or less than -1 was input.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

8 Different types of test data are used during program development to make sure a program works as intended. A program being developed takes as input whole numbers that are **not** greater than 80.

Identify **two** items of test data to test the whole number limit of 80.

Explain the reason for your choice of the data in each case.

Test data 1

Reason for choice

.....

Test data 2

Reason for choice

.....

[4]





9 Consider the logic expression:

$$X = (\text{NOT } P \text{ OR } Q) \text{ NAND } (Q \text{ XOR } R)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit for this logic expression.

Each logic gate must have a maximum of **two** inputs.

Do **not** simplify the logic expression.



[4]

(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic expression.

P	Q	R	Working space	X
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]





Make sure that any variables used are declared and that both text files are closed after they have been used.

[6]



- 11 A database table called `Booking28` stores details of hotel rooms and bookings for the week beginning Monday 7 July 2025.

RoomNo	Type	Guests	Rate\$	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
101D	Double	2	99.99	T	T	T	T	F	T	T
102D	Double	2	99.99	T	T	T	F	T	T	T
103F	Family	4	150.00	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
104S	Single	1	72.50	F	T	T	F	T	T	T
105S	Single	1	72.50	F	T	T	F	T	T	T
106T	Twin	2	120.00	T	T	T	T	F	T	T
201F	Family	4	160.00	F	F	T	T	T	T	T
202D	Double	2	120.00	T	F	T	T	T	T	T
203T	Twin	2	120.00	T	F	T	T	T	T	T
204T	Twin	2	125.00	T	F	T	F	T	T	T
205S	Single	1	79.99	T	F	T	T	F	T	T
301D	Double	2	200.00	F	T	T	F	F	T	T
302T	Twin	2	200.00	T	T	T	T	F	T	T
303P	Suite	4	500.00	T	T	T	T	F	T	T
304P	Suite	6	700.00	F	F	F	F	T	T	T

- (a) State the number of fields and records in this database table.

Fields

Records

[2]

- (b) State the reason why the `Type` field would **not** be suitable as a primary key.

.....

..... [1]





(c) The database uses only the data types:

- alphanumeric
- character
- Boolean
- integer
- real
- date/time.

Complete the table to show the fields that could have the given data types.

Only **one** field name is required in each box and each field name must be different.

Field	Data type
	alphanumeric
	Boolean
	real
	integer

[2]

(d) Give the output that would be produced by the structured query language (SQL) statement:

```
SELECT RoomNo, Type, Guests, Rate$
FROM Booking28
WHERE Mon <> T;
```

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]



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All inputs and outputs must contain suitable messages.

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This image shows a full page of a handwriting practice worksheet. It consists of approximately 20 horizontal rows. Each row is defined by two parallel dashed lines, creating a series of uniform gaps for letter height. The lines are evenly spaced across the entire page, providing a guide for consistent letter formation. There is no text or other markings on the page.

[15]



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