



Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS

0580/12

Paper 1 (Core)

May/June 2023

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 56

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2023 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Maths-Specific Marking Principles	
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

Abbreviations

cao – correct answer only

dep – dependent

FT – follow through after error

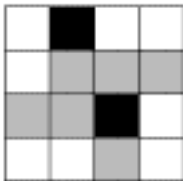
isw – ignore subsequent working

oe – or equivalent

SC – Special Case

nfw – not from wrong working

soi – seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks						
1(a)	1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18	2	B1 for 6 correct and one extra or for at least four correct and no extras or for all the correct factor pairs						
1(b)	$\frac{1}{8}$ or [0].125	1							
2(a)	Accurate ruled perpendicular line	1							
2(b)	7.4	1							
3		2	B1 for one correct square and a maximum of one incorrect square						
4(a)	14.25	1							
4(b)	47.5	2	M1 for $\frac{57}{1+5}$ [$\times 5$]						
5	[x=] 48 [y =]132	2	B1 for each If 0 scored, SC1 for two answers that add up to 180						
6	−13	1							
7	108	2	B1 for 47 or 61 identified						
8(a)	<table><tr><td>0</td><td>(1 3) 4 5 5 8</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1 2</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>3 4</td></tr></table>	0	(1 3) 4 5 5 8	1	1 2	2	3 4	2	B1 for a correct diagram with one error or omission or for a fully correct unordered stem-and-leaf diagram
0	(1 3) 4 5 5 8								
1	1 2								
2	3 4								
8(b)	6.5	1							
9	135	1							

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
10	Fully correct net	3	B2 for 2 correct rectangles in the correct places but in either order or B1 for 1 correct rectangle in the correct place If B0 or B1 scored, SC1 for two 3 4 5 triangles on opposite sides of a rectangle
11	8.75	2	M1 for $\frac{3.5 \times 250000}{100 \times 1000}$ oe or B1 for figs 875 or 1 cm : 2.5 km
12	0.4 oe	2	M1 for $1 - (0.2 + 0.05 + 0.35)$ oe or B1 for 0.6 oe
13(a)	4 cao	1	
13(b)	10, 20	1	
14	$\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{21}{26}$ oe or $\frac{12}{21} \div \frac{26}{21}$ oe with common denominator	M2	B1 for $\frac{26}{21}$ or $\frac{21}{26}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{21}{\text{their } 26}$ oe
	$\frac{6}{13}$ cao	A1	
15(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 24 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
15(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
15(c)	(9, -7)	1	
16	-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2	2	B1 for 6 correct and one extra or for 5 correct and none incorrect
17	156	2	M1 for $180 - (360 \div 15)$ oe or $\{(15 - 2) \times 180\} \div 15$ oe
18(a)	4.5×10^4	1	
18(b)	2.835×10^3	1	
19	$6x^9$ final answer	2	B1 for kx^9 or $6x^k$, $k \neq 0$ as final answer or for correct answer seen and spoiled

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
20	15 54 or 3 54 pm	3	B2 for 336 or 5 hr 36 mins or M1 for $336k$ or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$ or $[28=] 2 \times 2 \times 7$ and $[48=] 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$ or correct factor trees/tables of both 28 and 48 OR M2 for listing times/multiples of both 28 and 48 to at least 1554 or 336 or M1 for listing at least next 3 of each or one full list
21	10.8	2	M1 for $\frac{QR}{9} = \frac{18}{15}$ oe or better
22(a)	5.75 or 5.754 to 5.755	2	M1 for $\sin 42 = \frac{AB}{8.6}$ or better
22(b)	29	4	M2 for $23.8^2 - 11.2^2$ or M1 for $[\dots]^2 + 11.2^2 = 23.8^2$ and M1dep for $(their\ 21)^2 + 20^2$
23(a)	345 355	2	B1 for one correct and in the correct position If 0 scored, SC1 for both correct but reversed
23(b)	Any correct response e.g. A could be 345	1	Dependent on 345 given as a limit in part (a)