



**Cambridge International Examinations**  
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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**ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS**

**0606/23**

Paper 2

**May/June 2017**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 80

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**Published**

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**MARK SCHEME NOTES**

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

**Types of mark**

- M      Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A      Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B      Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more ‘method’ steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation ‘**dep**’ is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

**Abbreviations**

|      |                            |
|------|----------------------------|
| awrt | answers which round to     |
| cao  | correct answer only        |
| dep  | dependent                  |
| FT   | follow through after error |
| isw  | ignore subsequent working  |
| nfww | not from wrong working     |
| oe   | or equivalent              |
| rot  | rounded or truncated       |
| SC   | Special Case               |
| soi  | seen or implied            |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Marks     | Guidance                                                                                                                            |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1(a)     | $\log_7 2.5 = 2x + 5$ or $\log_7 \left( \frac{2.5}{7^5} \right) = 2x$<br>or $(2x + 5)\log 7 = \log 2.5$                                                                                                                    | <b>M1</b> | correct first anti-logging step                                                                                                     |
|          | $[x =] \frac{\log_7 2.5 - 5}{2}$<br>or $\frac{1}{2} \log_7 \left( \frac{2.5}{7^5} \right) = x$<br>or $x = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\log 2.5}{\log 7} - 5 \right)$                                                          | <b>M1</b> | isolates $x$                                                                                                                        |
|          | -2.26(4...)                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>A1</b> |                                                                                                                                     |
| 1(b)     | $5^2 p^{-3} q^{\frac{5}{4}}$ oe                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>B3</b> | <b>B1</b> for each term<br>If B0 then allow <b>M1</b> for numerator of $125q^{\frac{3}{2}}$ or denominator of $5p^3q^{\frac{1}{4}}$ |
| 2(i)     | $B$ and $C$ with valid reason                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>B2</b> | <b>B1</b> for one graph and valid reason or both graphs and no reason                                                               |
| 2(ii)    | $B$ only with valid reason                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>B2</b> | <b>B1</b> for graph $B$ or valid reason                                                                                             |
| 3        | $[m =] \frac{13 - 5}{1 - 0.2}$ or 10 soi                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>M1</b> | or $13 = m + c$ and $5 = 0.2m + c$ and subtracting/substituting to solve for $m$ or $c$ , condone one error                         |
|          | $Y - 13 = \text{their } 10(X - 1)$<br>or $Y - 5 = \text{their } 10(X - 0.2)$<br>or $13 = \text{their } 10 + c$ or $5 = \text{their } 10 \times 0.2 + c$                                                                    | <b>M1</b> | or using <i>their</i> $m$ or <i>their</i> $c$ to find <i>their</i> $c$ or <i>their</i> $m$ , without further error                  |
|          | $\sqrt[3]{y} = (\text{their } m) \frac{1}{x} + (\text{their } c)$ or<br>$\sqrt[3]{y} = (\text{their } m) \left( \frac{1}{x} - 1 \right) + 13$ or<br>$\sqrt[3]{y} = (\text{their } m) \left( \frac{1}{x} - 0.2 \right) + 5$ | <b>M1</b> | <i>their</i> $m$ and $c$ must be validly obtained                                                                                   |
|          | $y = \left( \frac{10}{x} + 3 \right)^3$<br>or $y = \left( 10 \left( \frac{1}{x} - 1 \right) + 13 \right)^3$<br>or $y = \left( 10 \left( \frac{1}{x} - 0.2 \right) + 5 \right)^3$ cao, isw                                  | <b>A1</b> |                                                                                                                                     |

| Question | Answer                                                                                  | Marks      | Guidance                                                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4(a)(i)  | $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$                                                 | <b>B1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
| 4(a)(ii) | $\sqrt{11^2 + (-15)^2}$ or better                                                       | <b>M1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
|          | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{346}} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -15 \end{pmatrix}$                          | <b>A1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
| 4(b)     | $\overrightarrow{OR} = \overrightarrow{OP} + \frac{3}{4}\overrightarrow{PQ}$ soi        | <b>M1</b>  | or $\overrightarrow{OR} = \overrightarrow{OQ} - \frac{1}{4}\overrightarrow{PQ}$ soi                |
|          | $[\overrightarrow{OR} =] \mathbf{p} + \frac{3}{4}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p})$             | <b>M1</b>  | or $[\overrightarrow{OR} =] \mathbf{q} - \frac{1}{4}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p})$                     |
|          | $[\overrightarrow{OR} =] \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{p} + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{q}$ oe              | <b>A1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
| 5(a)     | $(9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 1) + (8 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 1)$ soi | <b>M2</b>  | <b>M1</b> for one correct product of the sum                                                       |
|          | 5712                                                                                    | <b>A1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
| 5(b)     | ${}^9C_4 \times {}^5C_4 + {}^9C_3 \times {}^5C_5$ oe                                    | <b>M2</b>  | <b>M1</b> for one correct product of the sum                                                       |
|          | $[630 + 84 =] 714$                                                                      | <b>A1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
| 6        | $64 = 2^n$                                                                              | <b>M1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
|          | $n = 6$                                                                                 | <b>A1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
|          | $their 6(2)^{their(6-1)} \times (-a) = -16b$ oe                                         | <b>M1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
|          | $their \frac{6 \times (6-1)}{2} (2)^{their(6-2)} \times (-a)^2 = 100b$ oe               | <b>M1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
|          | attempts to solve                                                                       | <b>DM1</b> | dep on both M1 marks being awarded;<br>must have correctly or correct FT<br>eliminated one unknown |
|          | $a = 5$                                                                                 | <b>A1</b>  |                                                                                                    |
|          | $b = 60$                                                                                | <b>A1</b>  |                                                                                                    |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                   | Marks     | Guidance                                                                                                                          |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7(i)     | $k(1+4x)^9$                                                                                                                              | <b>M1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
|          | $4 \times 10(1+4x)^9$ or better                                                                                                          | <b>A1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
|          | $(1+4x)^{10}(\text{their} - \sin x) + \cos x(\text{their}(4 \times 10 \times (1+4x)^9))$                                                 | <b>M1</b> | clearly applies product rule                                                                                                      |
|          | $(1+4x)^{10}(-\sin x) + \cos x(4 \times 10 \times (1+4x)^9)$                                                                             | <b>A1</b> | all correct                                                                                                                       |
| 7(ii)    | $\frac{d}{dx}(e^{4x-5}) = 4e^{4x-5}$ soi                                                                                                 | <b>B1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
|          | $\frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) = \sec^2 x$ soi                                                                                                    | <b>B1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
|          | clearly applies correct form of quotient rule<br>$\frac{\tan x(\text{their } 4e^{4x-5}) - e^{4x-5}(\text{their } \sec^2 x)}{(\tan x)^2}$ | <b>M1</b> | or correct form of product rule to<br>$e^{4x-5}(\tan x)^{-1}$<br>$4e^{4x-5}(\tan x)^{-1} + e^{4x-5}(\tan x)^{-2} \times \sec^2 x$ |
|          | $\frac{\tan x(4e^{4x-5}) - e^{4x-5}(\sec^2 x)}{(\tan x)^2}$ isw                                                                          | <b>A1</b> | all correct                                                                                                                       |
| 8(i)     | $\frac{\pi}{3}$                                                                                                                          | <b>B1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
|          | 6 [cm]                                                                                                                                   | <b>B1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
| 8(ii)    | [major arc =] $\left(2\pi - \text{their } \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \text{their } r$                                                          | <b>M1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
|          | $10\pi + 6$ cao                                                                                                                          | <b>A1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |
| 8(iii)   | $\frac{1}{2}(\text{their } 6)^2 \left(2\pi - \text{their } \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$                                                         | <b>M1</b> | $\frac{1}{2}(\text{their } 6)^2 \left(\text{their } \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$                                                         |
|          | $\frac{1}{2}(\text{their } 6)^2 \sin\left(\text{their } \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$                                                            | <b>M1</b> | $\frac{1}{2}(\text{their } 6)^2 \sin\left(\text{their } \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$                                                     |
|          | Sector + triangle                                                                                                                        | <b>M1</b> | $\pi \times \text{their } 6^2 - (\text{Sector} - \text{triangle})$                                                                |
|          | $30\pi + 9\sqrt{3}$                                                                                                                      | <b>A1</b> |                                                                                                                                   |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                     | Marks     | Guidance                                                                                       |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 9(i)     | $\frac{y}{9} = \sqrt{x-1}$ with attempt to swop $x$ and $y$ at some point<br>or $\frac{x}{9} = \sqrt{y-1}$ | <b>M1</b> | attempt to swop; may be in later work that contains an error                                   |
|          | $\left[ f^{-1}(x) = \right] \left( \frac{x}{9} \right)^2 + 1$ oe                                           | <b>A1</b> | condone $y = \dots$ etc; must be a function of $x$                                             |
|          | $x > 0$                                                                                                    | <b>B1</b> |                                                                                                |
| 9(ii)    | $f(51)$                                                                                                    | <b>M1</b> | or $fg(x) = 9\sqrt{x^2 + 1}$                                                                   |
|          | $9\sqrt{50}$ oe                                                                                            | <b>A1</b> |                                                                                                |
| 9(iii)   | $[gf(x) = ] (9\sqrt{x-1})^2 + 2$                                                                           | <b>M1</b> |                                                                                                |
|          | $[gf(x) = ] 81(x-1) + 2$ or better                                                                         | <b>A1</b> |                                                                                                |
|          | $their(81x - 79) = 5x^2 + 83x - 95 \rightarrow$<br>$their(5x^2 + 2x - 16 [= 0])$                           | <b>M1</b> | provided $their(81x - 79)$ of the form $ax + b$ for non-zero $a$ and $b$                       |
|          | 1.6 oe only                                                                                                | <b>A1</b> | must disregard other solution                                                                  |
| 10(a)    | $\sin x = 0.5$ , $\sin x = -0.5$                                                                           | <b>M1</b> |                                                                                                |
|          | $\frac{\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{5\pi}{6}$ oe                                        | <b>A2</b> | <b>A1</b> for any correct pair of angles<br>if M0 then <b>SC1</b> for a correct pair of angles |
| 10(b)    | $2y + 15 = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ soi                                                          | <b>M1</b> |                                                                                                |
|          | 18.43(49...) and 198.43(49...)                                                                             | <b>M1</b> |                                                                                                |
|          | 1.7, 91.7                                                                                                  | <b>A2</b> | <b>A1</b> for each                                                                             |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                   | Marks      | Guidance                                                                                                                       |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10(c)    | Uses $\cot^2 z = \operatorname{cosec}^2 z - 1$ oe                                                                                        | <b>M1</b>  | for using correct identity or identities to obtain an equation in terms of a single trigonometric ratio                        |
|          | $2\operatorname{cosec}^2 z + 7\operatorname{cosec} z - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow$<br>$(2\operatorname{cosec} z - 1)(\operatorname{cosec} z + 4)$ | <b>DM1</b> | for dealing with quadratic                                                                                                     |
|          | $[\sin z = 2] \sin z = -\frac{1}{4}$                                                                                                     | <b>M1</b>  |                                                                                                                                |
|          | 194.5, 345.5                                                                                                                             | <b>A2</b>  | <b>A1</b> for each                                                                                                             |
| 11(i)    | $5 + \sqrt{10x} = \frac{5x + 20}{4} \rightarrow \cancel{20} + 4\sqrt{10x} = 5x + \cancel{20}$                                            | <b>M1</b>  | or better; equates and solves as far as clearing the fraction                                                                  |
|          | $\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} = \right] \sqrt{x} = \frac{4\sqrt{10}}{5}$ oe                                                                  | <b>M1</b>  | Simplifies as far as $\sqrt{x} = \dots$                                                                                        |
|          | $x = 6.4$ cao                                                                                                                            | <b>A1</b>  | squares and simplifies to 6.4                                                                                                  |
|          | $[y = ] 13$                                                                                                                              | <b>B1</b>  |                                                                                                                                |
| 11(ii)   | (area of trapezium = ) <i>their</i> 57.6                                                                                                 | <b>B1</b>  | <b>FT</b> $x = \text{their } 6.4, y = \text{their } 13$ using any valid method                                                 |
|          | $\int_0^{6.4} (5 + \sqrt{10x}) dx$                                                                                                       | <b>M1</b>  |                                                                                                                                |
|          | $\int (10x)^{\frac{1}{2}} dx = k (10x)^{\frac{3}{2}}$ or                                                                                 | <b>M1</b>  | or $\int \sqrt{10x^{\frac{1}{2}}} dx = k \sqrt{10} (x)^{\frac{3}{2}}$                                                          |
|          | $\left[ 5x + \frac{2(10x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3 \times 10} \right]$                                                                           | <b>A1</b>  | or $\left[ 5x + \frac{2(10)^{\frac{1}{2}} (x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right]$                                                       |
|          | <i>their</i> $\left[ 5(6.4) + \frac{2(10 \times 6.4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3 \times 10} \right] - \text{their } 57.6$ oe                        | <b>M1</b>  | limits used correctly or correct <b>FT</b> and subtraction of trapezium;<br><i>their</i> $\frac{992}{15} - \text{their } 57.6$ |
|          | $\frac{128}{15}$ or 8.53 oe                                                                                                              | <b>A1</b>  | allow 8.533333... rot to 4 or more sf                                                                                          |