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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/21

Paper 2 (Extended)

October/November 2023

45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly and you will be given marks for correct methods even if your answer is incorrect.
- All answers should be given in their simplest form.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 8 pages.

Formula List

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Curved surface area, A , of cylinder of radius r , height h . $A = 2\pi rh$

Curved surface area, A , of cone of radius r , sloping edge l . $A = \pi rl$

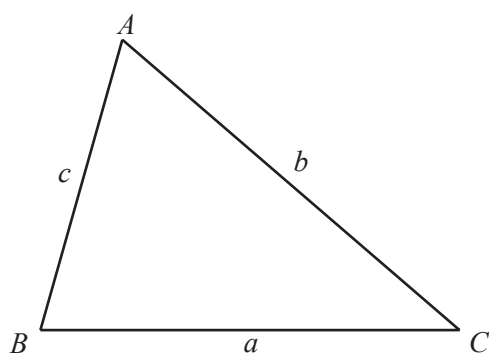
Curved surface area, A , of sphere of radius r . $A = 4\pi r^2$

Volume, V , of pyramid, base area A , height h . $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$

Volume, V , of cylinder of radius r , height h . $V = \pi r^2 h$

Volume, V , of cone of radius r , height h . $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Volume, V , of sphere of radius r . $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$



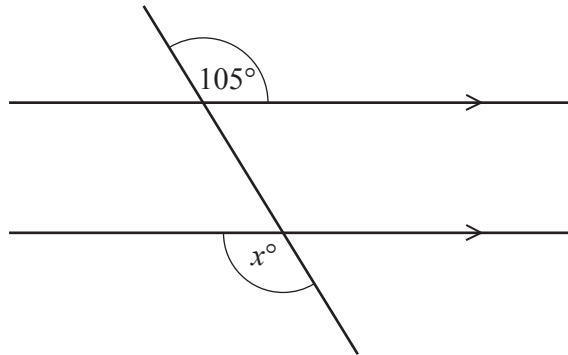
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

Answer **all** the questions.

1



NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows a straight line crossing two parallel lines.

Find the value of x .

$x =$ [1]

- 2 Priya rolls a die 10 times.
The table shows the results.

Score	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	2	1	0	2	0	5

- (a) Find the mode.

..... [1]

- (b) Find the interquartile range.

..... [2]

- 3 A is the point $(0, 7)$ and B is the point $(-2, 1)$.
 M is the mid-point of AB .

Find the coordinates of M .

(..... ,) [2]

- 4 (a) Write 1.8796 correct to 4 significant figures.

..... [1]

- (b) Work out $(\sqrt{5})^4$.

..... [1]

- (c) x is an integer and $|x| \leq 1$.

Write down the values of x .

..... [1]

- (d) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 24 and 42.

..... [1]

- 5 A taxi fare, $\$F$, consists of a fixed charge of $\$x$ plus $\$0.65$ per kilometre travelled.

Find a formula for F for a journey of y kilometres.

..... [2]

- 6 Find the next term and the n th term of this sequence.

0 1 4 9 16

next term =

n th term = [3]

7 $J = h^3 + k^3$

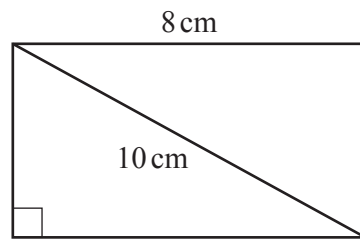
(a) Find the value of J when $h = 3$ and $k = 4$.

$J =$ [2]

(b) Rearrange the formula to write h in terms of J and k .

$h =$ [2]

8



NOT TO
SCALE

The length of the diagonal of the rectangle is 10 cm.
The length of the rectangle is 8 cm.

Work out the width of the rectangle.

..... cm [3]

9



Ulrich has these cards.
He picks 2 cards at random without replacement.

Find the probability that both cards have the letter A .

..... [2]

10 $5^w \div 5^{13} = 25$

Find the value of w .

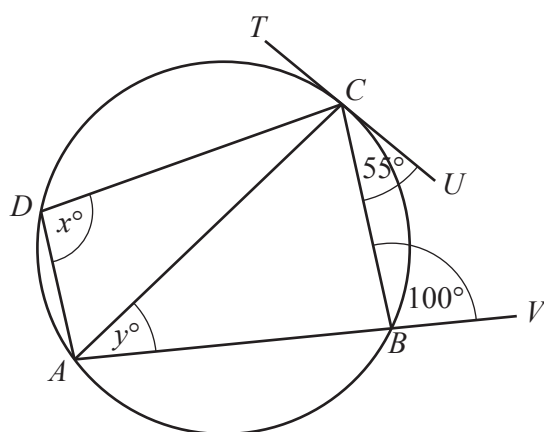
$w = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

- 11 The volume of a cone is $18\pi \text{ cm}^3$.
The height of the cone is the same as the diameter of its base.

Find the radius of the base.

$\dots\dots\dots \text{ cm}$ [3]

12



NOT TO
SCALE

$ABCD$ is a cyclic quadrilateral.
 ABV is a straight line and TU is a tangent to the circle at C .

Find the value of x and the value of y .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

$y = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

- 13 y varies inversely as the square root of $(x + 1)$.
When $x = 8$, $y = 5$.

Find y in terms of x .

$$y = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

- 14 The line L is perpendicular to the line $2y = 5 - x$ and passes through the point $(2, 3)$.

Find the equation of line L .

Give your answer in the form $y = mx + c$.

$$y = \dots\dots\dots [4]$$

Questions 15 and 16 are printed on the next page.

15 Rationalise the denominator.

$$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}-1}$$

..... [2]

16 $\log 20 + \log x = 2$

Find the value of x .

$x =$ [2]

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