



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE
NAME



CENTRE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--	--

CANDIDATE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS

4037/23

Paper 2

October/November 2024

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



Mathematical Formulae

1. ALGEBRA

Quadratic Equation

For the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$,

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Binomial Theorem

$$(a+b)^n = a^n + \binom{n}{1}a^{n-1}b + \binom{n}{2}a^{n-2}b^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{r}a^{n-r}b^r + \dots + b^n$$

where n is a positive integer and $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$

Arithmetic series $u_n = a + (n-1)d$

$$S_n = \frac{1}{2}n(a+l) = \frac{1}{2}n\{2a + (n-1)d\}$$

Geometric series $u_n = ar^{n-1}$

$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} \quad (r \neq 1)$$

$$S_\infty = \frac{a}{1-r} \quad (|r| < 1)$$

2. TRIGONOMETRY

Identities

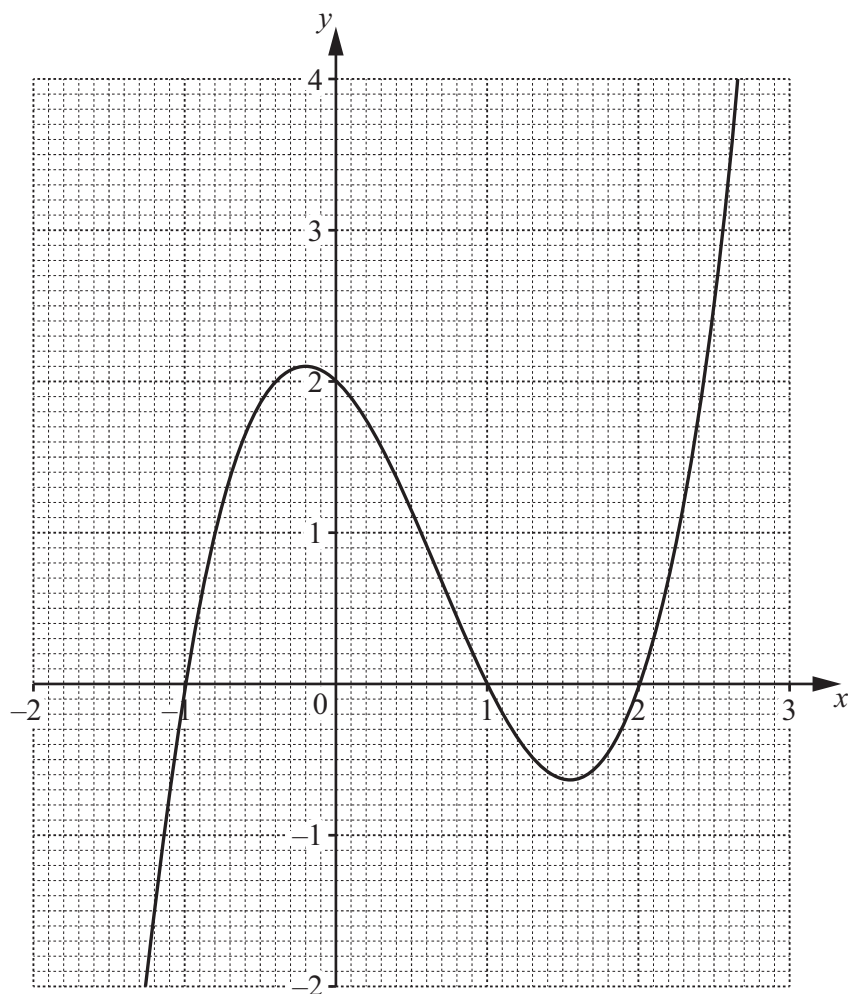
$$\begin{aligned}\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A &= 1 \\ \sec^2 A &= 1 + \tan^2 A \\ \operatorname{cosec}^2 A &= 1 + \cot^2 A\end{aligned}$$

Formulae for $\triangle ABC$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{a}{\sin A} &= \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} \\ a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A \\ \Delta &= \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A\end{aligned}$$



1



The diagram shows the graph of $y = (x+1)(x-1)(x-2)$. Use the graph to solve the inequality $(x+1)(x-1)(x-2) < 1$. [3]





2 The function f is defined by $f(x) = 1 - 4x - x^2$ for all real values of x .

(a) Write $f(x)$ in the form $a - (x + b)^2$, where a and b are constants.

[2]

(b) Find the range of f .

[1]

The function g is defined by $g(x) = 1 - 4x - x^2$ for $x \geq k$, where k is a constant.

(c) State the least possible value of k such that g has an inverse.

[1]

(d) Using your value of k , find $g^{-1}(x)$, stating its domain and range.

[5]





3 (a) Show that $(2 \tan \theta + \sec \theta)(2 \tan \theta - \sec \theta) = 3 \tan^2 \theta - 1$.

[2]

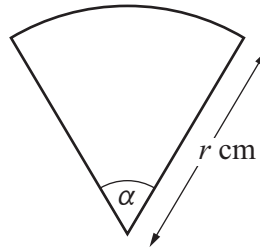
(b) Hence solve the equation $(2 \tan \theta + \sec \theta)(2 \tan \theta - \sec \theta) = 1$ for $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$.

[4]





- 4 The diagram shows a design for a logo. The logo is a sector of a circle, radius r cm, with angle α radians.



The area of the logo is 9 cm^2 .

- (a) Show that the perimeter, P cm, of the logo is given by

$$P = 2r + \frac{18}{r}. \quad [3]$$

- (b) Given that r can vary, find the stationary value of P and determine its nature. [5]





- 5 The tangent to the curve $y = \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x}$ at the point where $x = 3$ meets the line $y = x - 16$ at the point A . Find the coordinates of A . [8]





6 (a) Find $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x+2}} dx$.

[2]

(b) Find, in terms of a , $\int_{0.5}^a e^{(1-2x)} dx$.

[3]

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN





- 7 (a) In the expansion of $(x + x^2)^8$ in ascending powers of x , the 3rd and 6th terms are equal.

Find the value of x .

[3]

- (b) In the expansion of $\left(x + \frac{2}{x}\right)^n$ in decreasing powers of x , the 6th term is a constant.

(i) Find the value of the positive integer n .

[2]

(ii) Find the value of the 6th term.

[2]

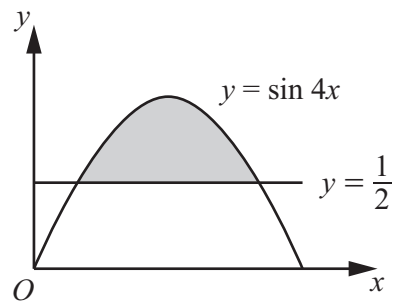




- 8 (a) Solve the equation $\sin 4x = \frac{1}{2}$ for $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$, giving your answers in terms of π .

[2]

(b)



The diagram shows parts of the graphs of $y = \sin 4x$ and $y = \frac{1}{2}$.

Find the exact area of the shaded region enclosed by the curve and the line.

[5]



**9 DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR IN THIS QUESTION.**

Write $\frac{16+11\sqrt{10}}{2+\sqrt{10}} + 1$ in the form $p+q\sqrt{10}$, where p and q are integers.

[4]





- 10 (a) Suzma is training for a marathon. In the first week she runs 10 km. Then each week she runs a distance that is 10% greater than the week before.

The total distance that Suzma has run by the end of n whole weeks is more than 200 km. Find the smallest possible value of n . [4]

- (b) A geometric progression has 1st term a and common ratio r , where $a \neq 0$ and $r \neq 1$. The 1st, 2nd and 3rd terms of the geometric progression are the 1st, 3rd and 7th terms of an arithmetic progression. Find the value of r . [4]





- 11 (a) There are 3 girls and 2 boys standing in a straight line. Find the number of possible orders in each of the following cases.

(i) No girls are next to each other. [2]

(ii) The 2 boys are not next to each other. [2]

- (b) 12 people, including Anjie and Bubay, are divided into 3 groups of 4 people. Anjie and Bubay must not be in the same group.

Find the number of ways in which the 3 groups can be selected. [2]





- 12 A particle moves in a straight line. Its velocity, $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$, at time t seconds is given by

$$v = \cos t - \sin t.$$

- (a) Find the acceleration, $a \text{ ms}^{-2}$, when $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$. [2]

The displacement of the particle from a fixed point O at time t is s metres. The particle passes through O when $t = 0$.

- (b) Find the displacement at the time when the particle first changes direction after passing through O . [6]

- (c) Find an expression for a in terms of s . [1]





BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN





BLANK PAGE

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.

