



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CHEMISTRY

9701/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

October/November 2021

1 hour

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)
Data booklet

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do **not** use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

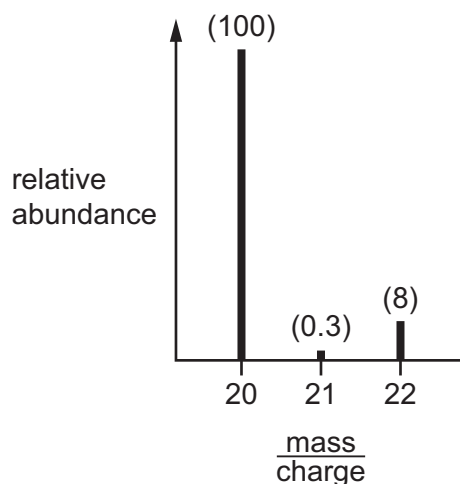


Section A

For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider to be correct.

Use of the Data Booklet may be appropriate for some questions.

- 1 The mass spectrum of a sample of neon is shown. The relative abundance of each peak is written in brackets above it.



What is the relative atomic mass, A_r , of this sample of neon?

- A** 20.15 **B** 20.20 **C** 21.00 **D** 21.82
- 2 2.0 g of ammonium nitrate, NH_4NO_3 , decomposes to give 0.90 g of water and a single gas.

What is the identity of the gas?

- A** NO **B** NO_2 **C** N_2O **D** N_2
- 3 Which of these elements has the highest fifth ionisation energy?
- A** C **B** N **C** P **D** Si

- 4 The ion X^{2+} has the same electronic configuration as the atom Kr.

What is the electronic configuration of an atom of X?

- A** $[\text{Ar}]4s^23d^{10}4p^6$
- B** $[\text{Ar}]4s^23d^{10}4p^65s^2$
- C** $[\text{Ar}]4s^24d^{10}4p^6$
- D** $[\text{Ar}]4s^24d^{10}4p^65s^2$

- 5 Which type of interaction exists between water molecules and metal cations in aqueous solution?
- A dipole-dipole interactions
B hydrogen bonds
C ion-dipole interactions
D ionic bonds

- 6 Which substance shows the greatest deviation from the properties of an ideal gas under room conditions?

A $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ B $\text{H}_2(\text{g})$ C $\text{Ne}(\text{g})$ D $\text{NH}_3(\text{g})$

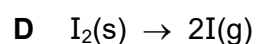
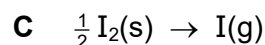
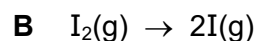
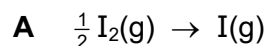
- 7 In order to determine the enthalpy of neutralisation of a strong acid and a strong alkali, 25.0 cm^3 of 2.00 mol dm^{-3} sodium hydroxide is added to 25.0 cm^3 of 2.00 mol dm^{-3} hydrochloric acid. The increase in temperature is 12°C .

In a second experiment, the same method is used, but 50.0 cm^3 of 2.00 mol dm^{-3} sodium hydroxide is added to 50.0 cm^3 of 2.00 mol dm^{-3} hydrochloric acid.

What is the increase in temperature in the second experiment?

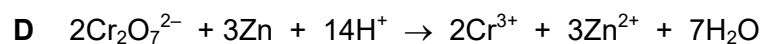
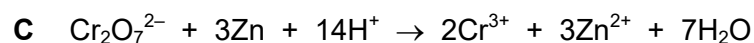
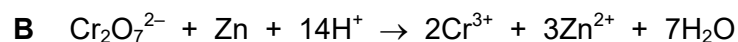
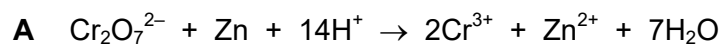
A 6°C B 12°C C 24°C D 48°C

- 8 Which equation represents the enthalpy change of atomisation of iodine?

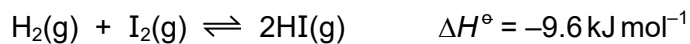


- 9 Zinc atoms can be oxidised to Zn^{2+} ions by dichromate(VI) ions in acid solution. Chromium is reduced to Cr^{3+} in this reaction.

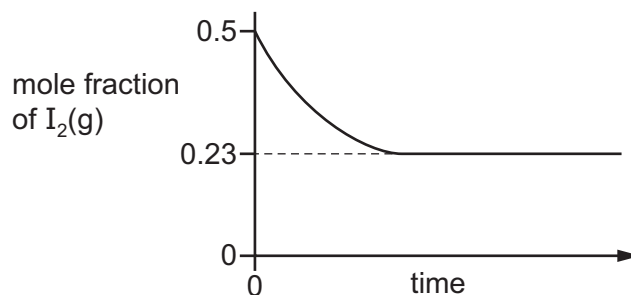
Which equation is correct?



10 The equation shows that $\text{H}_2(\text{g})$ and $\text{I}_2(\text{g})$ react to form an equilibrium mixture.



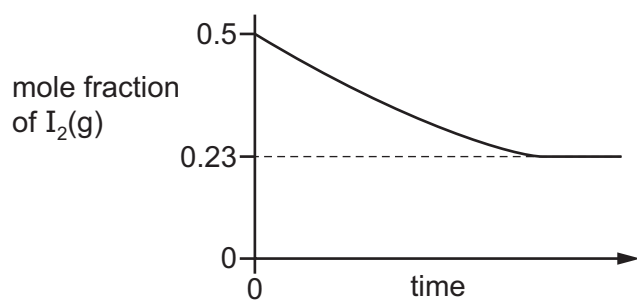
A mixture containing equal amounts of $\text{H}_2(\text{g})$ and $\text{I}_2(\text{g})$ is made at temperature T_1 and the composition of the mixture is monitored. A graph of the results is shown.



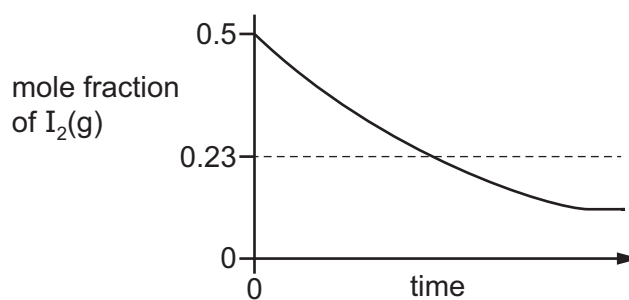
The experiment is repeated at a lower temperature, T_2 .

Which new graph would be obtained?

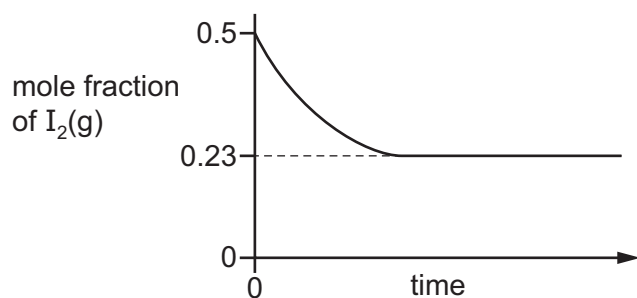
A



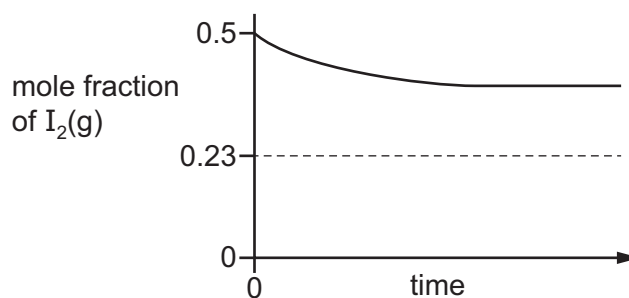
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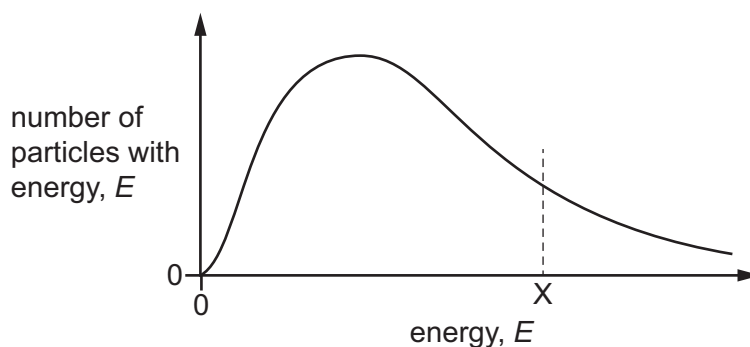
C



D

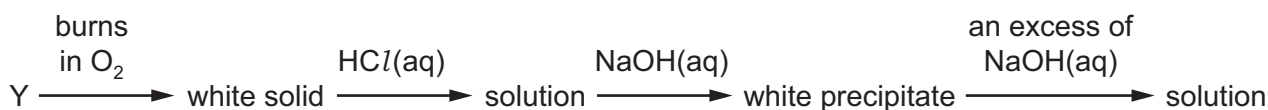


- 11 The diagram shows the Boltzmann distribution of energies for a reactant gas. For a particular reaction, the activation energy is X .



Which change to the diagram occurs if an effective catalyst is added at the same temperature?

- A** More particles will possess higher values of E .
B The peak will move to the left.
C The peak will move to the right.
D The value of the activation energy decreases.
- 12 Which element requires the least number of moles of oxygen for the complete combustion of 1 mol of its atoms?
- A** aluminium
B magnesium
C phosphorus
D sodium
- 13 An element, Y , reacts according to the following sequence.



What could be element Y ?

- A** Na **B** Mg **C** Al **D** P
- 14 In which list are all three compounds soluble in water?
- A** barium chloride, calcium carbonate, magnesium hydroxide
B barium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, strontium carbonate
C barium chloride, barium hydroxide, magnesium sulfate
D barium sulfate, calcium sulfate, magnesium hydroxide

- 15 Anhydrous magnesium nitrate, $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$, decomposes when heated, giving a white solid and a mixture of two gases, X and Y.

Y is oxygen.

What is the ratio $\frac{\text{mass of X released}}{\text{mass of Y released}}$?

- A $\frac{1}{0.174}$ B $\frac{1}{0.267}$ C $\frac{1}{0.348}$ D $\frac{1}{3.43}$

- 16 In a series of nine experiments, to test the reactivity of the halogens, an aqueous solution of each halogen is added to an equal volume of an aqueous solution containing halide ions, as shown in the table.

halogen solution	halide solution		
	sodium chloride (aq)	sodium bromide (aq)	sodium iodide (aq)
chlorine (aq)	experiment 1	experiment 2	experiment 3
bromine (aq)	experiment 4	experiment 5	experiment 6
iodine (aq)	experiment 7	experiment 8	experiment 9

The nine resulting mixtures are then shaken separately with an equal volume of hexane. The nine tubes are left to stand so that the aqueous and organic solvents separate into layers.

How many test-tubes contain a purple upper hexane layer?

- A 1 B 2 C 3 D 5

- 17 Z is a compound of sodium, chlorine and oxygen.

It contains 45.1% by mass of oxygen.

Z is prepared by reacting sodium hydroxide with chlorine.

Which row shows the conditions used for the reaction and the oxidation state of chlorine in Z?

	reaction conditions	oxidation state of Cl in Z
A	cold dilute NaOH	+1
B	cold dilute NaOH	+5
C	hot concentrated NaOH	+1
D	hot concentrated NaOH	+5

18 Which row is correct?

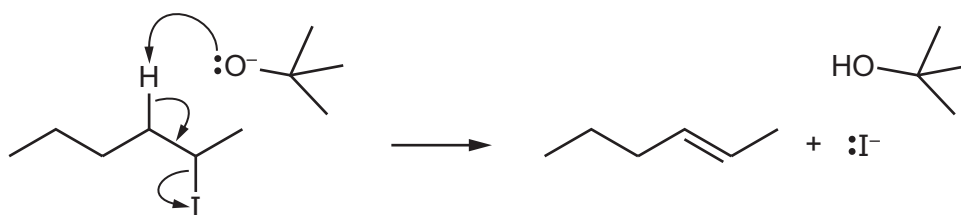
	shape		bonds present	
	ammonia molecule	ammonium ion	ammonia molecule	ammonium ion
A	pyramidal	regular tetrahedral	σ	σ
B	pyramidal	regular tetrahedral	σ	π
C	regular tetrahedral	pyramidal	σ	σ
D	regular tetrahedral	pyramidal	π	σ

19 The table describes two possible environmental consequences of adding too much ammonium nitrate fertiliser to the soil.

Which row is correct?

	increased plant growth in rivers	photochemical smog
A	x	x
B	✓	x
C	x	✓
D	✓	✓

20 Hex-2-ene can be made by the reaction shown.



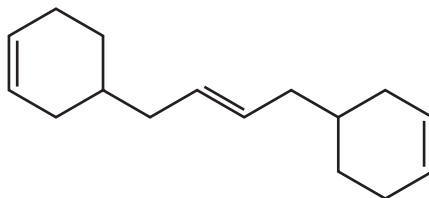
Which statement about this reaction is correct?

- A** $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CO}^-$ is behaving as a Brønsted-Lowry base.
- B** $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CO}^-$ is behaving as an oxidising agent.
- C** The C–I bond breaks via homolytic fission.
- D** This is a hydrolysis reaction.

21 Structural isomerism **only** should be considered when answering this question.

Molecule X contains three C=C double bonds. One mole of X is reacted with three moles of HBr. The carbon skeleton is unchanged.

molecule X



How many different products are formed?

- A 3 B 4 C 6 D 8

22 Structural isomerism **and** stereoisomerism should be considered when answering this question.

A colourless liquid, $C_5H_{11}Cl$, exists as a mixture of two optical isomers.

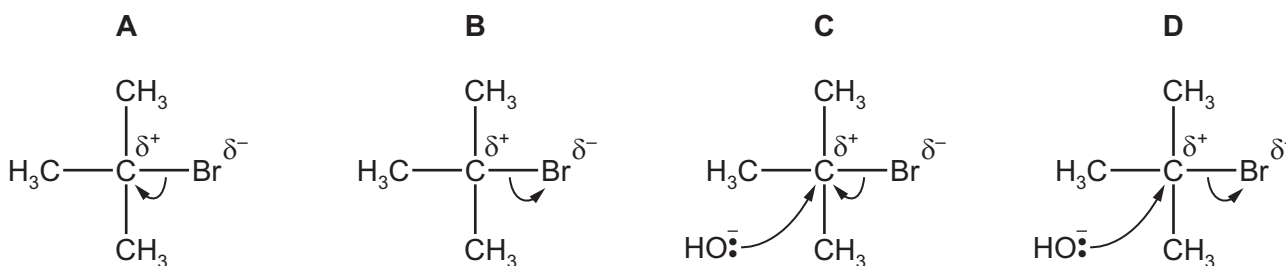
When heated with sodium hydroxide in ethanol, a mixture of **only two** alkenes is formed.

What could the colourless liquid be?

- A $(CH_3CH_2)_2CHCl$
 B $CH_3CH_2CH_2CHClCH_3$
 C $CH_3CH_2CCl(CH_3)_2$
 D $(CH_3)_2CHCHClCH_3$

23 When 2-bromo-2-methylpropane reacts with aqueous sodium hydroxide, an alcohol is formed.

Which diagram describes the first step in the reaction mechanism?



- 24** When an organic compound, Q, is treated with phosphorus pentachloride, fumes of hydrogen chloride are evolved. When Q is warmed with acidified aqueous potassium dichromate(VI), the solution turns green.

What is Q?

- A** $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CHO}$
- B** $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{H}$
- C** $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3$
- D** $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{COH}$

- 25** Alcohol Y gives a yellow precipitate with alkaline aqueous iodine. It can be oxidised to give a mixture of products including substance Z. Substance Z gives a red-brown precipitate with Fehling's solution.

Which alcohol could be Y?

- A** $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$
- B** $\text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{OH})(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$
- C** $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3$
- D** $\text{CH}_2(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$

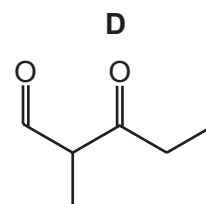
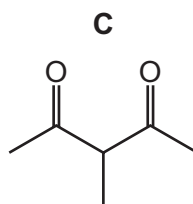
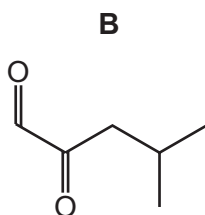
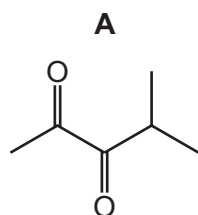
- 26** $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ reacts with hydrogen cyanide to form an organic product called a cyanohydrin.

Which statement is correct?

- A** The cyanohydrin product has one chiral centre.
- B** The cyanohydrin product is formed by electrophilic addition.
- C** The cyanohydrin product is formed via an intermediate which contains a C–OH group.
- D** The formation of the cyanohydrin product requires the use of cyanide ions as a catalyst.

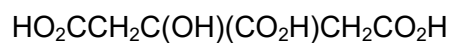
- 27** Reduction of compound R with LiAlH_4 gives the compound 4-methylpentane-2,3-diol.

What could be the identity of compound R?



- 28 Citric acid is found in lemon juice.

citric acid



Which volume of 0.40 mol dm^{-3} sodium hydroxide solution is required to neutralise a solution containing 0.0050 mol of citric acid?

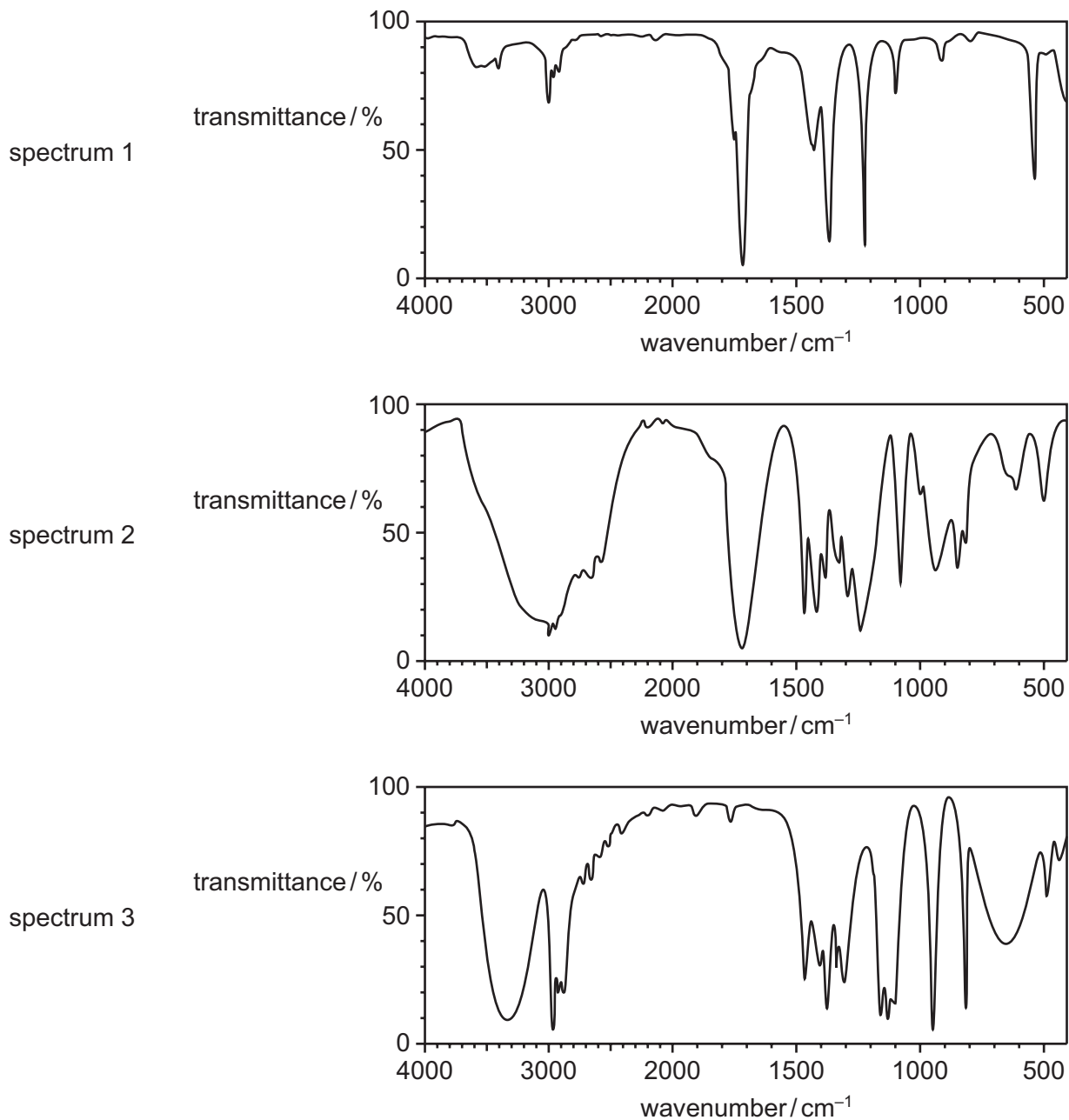
- A 12.5 cm^3 B 25.0 cm^3 C 37.5 cm^3 D 50.0 cm^3
- 29 The structural formula of an ester is $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CHOCO}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CH}_3$.

This ester is boiled with aqueous hydrochloric acid.

Which two products are formed?

- A propan-1-ol and butanoic acid
B propan-2-ol and butanoic acid
C propan-1-ol and propanoic acid
D propan-2-ol and propanoic acid

30 The infra-red spectra of three organic compounds are shown.



What could the three compounds be?

	spectrum 1	spectrum 2	spectrum 3
A	propanoic acid	propanone	propan-2-ol
B	propanone	propanoic acid	propan-2-ol
C	propanone	propan-2-ol	propanoic acid
D	propan-2-ol	propanoic acid	propanone

Section B

For each of the questions in this section, one or more of the three numbered statements **1** to **3** may be correct.

Decide whether each of the statements is or is not correct (you may find it helpful to put a tick against the statements that you consider to be correct).

The responses **A** to **D** should be selected on the basis of

A	B	C	D
1, 2 and 3 are correct	1 and 2 only are correct	2 and 3 only are correct	1 only is correct

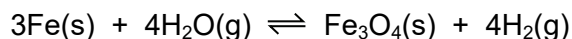
No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

Use of the Data Booklet may be appropriate for some questions.

31 Which changes can be used to measure the rates of chemical reactions?

- 1** the decrease in concentration of a reactant per unit time
- 2** the rate of appearance of a product
- 3** the increase in total volume of gas per unit time at constant pressure

32 Iron reacts with steam to produce hydrogen and an oxide of iron.



A system containing all four substances is at equilibrium.

Which changes will decrease the mass of Fe present at equilibrium?

- 1** addition of steam at constant pressure
- 2** increase in overall pressure
- 3** addition of an effective catalyst

33 Ethylene glycol, $\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$, is used as a de-icer. It allows ice to melt at temperatures below 0°C .

Which statements are correct?

- 1** Ethylene glycol disrupts the extensive network of hydrogen bonds in ice.
- 2** Ethylene glycol molecules form hydrogen bonds with other ethylene glycol molecules.
- 3** Ethylene glycol molecules will dissolve in the water formed from the ice.

34 Which molecules contain at least one unpaired electron?

- 1 NO
- 2 NO₂
- 3 NH₃

35 Which elements form a chloride in which both covalent bonding and coordinate (dative covalent) bonding are present?

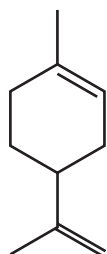
- 1 Al
- 2 Si
- 3 Mg

36 Which statements about calcium oxide are correct?

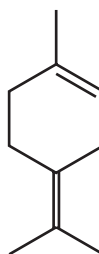
- 1 It can be reduced by heating with magnesium.
- 2 It is produced when calcium nitrate is heated.
- 3 It reacts with cold water.

37 A diketo acid is a compound with two ketone groups and one carboxylic acid group.

limonene



terpinolene



Which statements about the reactions of limonene and terpinolene are correct?

- 1 When reacted with an excess of hydrogen and a nickel catalyst, limonene and terpinolene produce the same compound.
- 2 An excess of hot concentrated acidified KMnO₄ reacts with limonene and with terpinolene to form different diketo acids.
- 3 The reactions of limonene and terpinolene with an excess of Br₂ produce positional isomers with the same number of chiral carbon atoms.

The responses **A** to **D** should be selected on the basis of

A	B	C	D
1, 2 and 3 are correct	1 and 2 only are correct	2 and 3 only are correct	1 only is correct

No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

38 One molecule of dodecane, $C_{12}H_{26}$, is cracked, producing three product molecules, X, Y and Z.

X is a straight chain alkane. Y and Z are straight chain alkenes with different M_r values.

Which statements about X, Y and Z are correct?

- 1** If Y and Z are but-1-ene and ethene respectively, X will be hexane.
- 2** If X is butane, then Y and Z could both show *cis-trans* isomerism.
- 3** X could be octane.

39 Which statements about chlorofluoroalkanes are correct?

- 1** Both the C–Cl and C–F bonds are readily dissociated by ultra-violet light.
- 2** They have caused ozone depletion.
- 3** They are relatively chemically inert.

40 Which reactions of propan-1-ol have water as one of the products?

- 1** passing propan-1-ol vapour over hot Al_2O_3
- 2** mixing propan-1-ol with warm ethanoic acid and a few drops of concentrated sulfuric acid
- 3** warming propan-1-ol with HBr

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