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9702/52

October/November 2013

1 hour 15 minutes

No Additional Materials are required.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use a pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **8** printed pages.

- 1 An aluminium ring is placed on a coil with the rod of a metal retort stand passing through their centres, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

For
Examiner's
Use

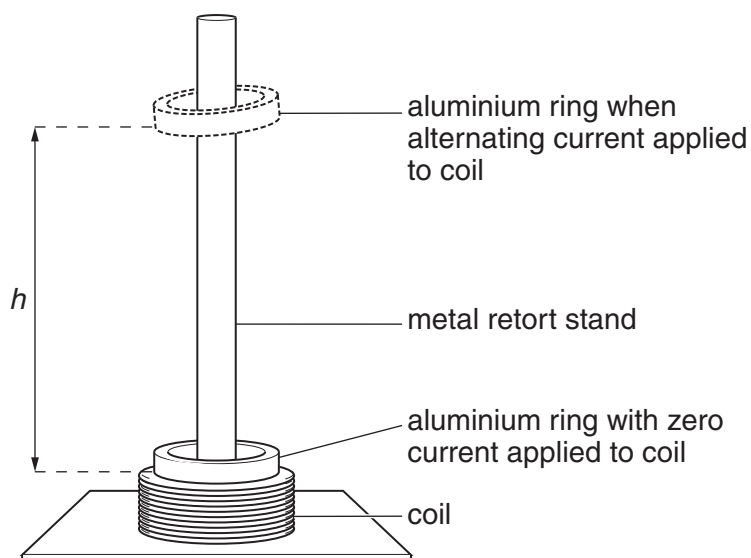


Fig. 1.1

When an alternating current of frequency f is applied to the coil, the ring rises until it is in equilibrium at a height h above the coil.

It is suggested that the relationship between h and f is

$$h = kf^n$$

where k and n are constants.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between h and f and determine values for k and n . You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment. In your account you should pay particular attention to

- (a) the procedure to be followed,
- (b) the measurements to be taken,
- (c) the control of variables,
- (d) the analysis of the data,
- (e) the safety precautions to be taken.

[15]

Diagram

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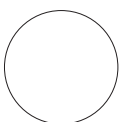
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For Examiner's Use	Defining the problem	Methods of data collection	Method of analysis	Safety considerations	Additional detail



- 2 A student is investigating resonance of the air column in a tube using the apparatus shown in Fig. 2.1.

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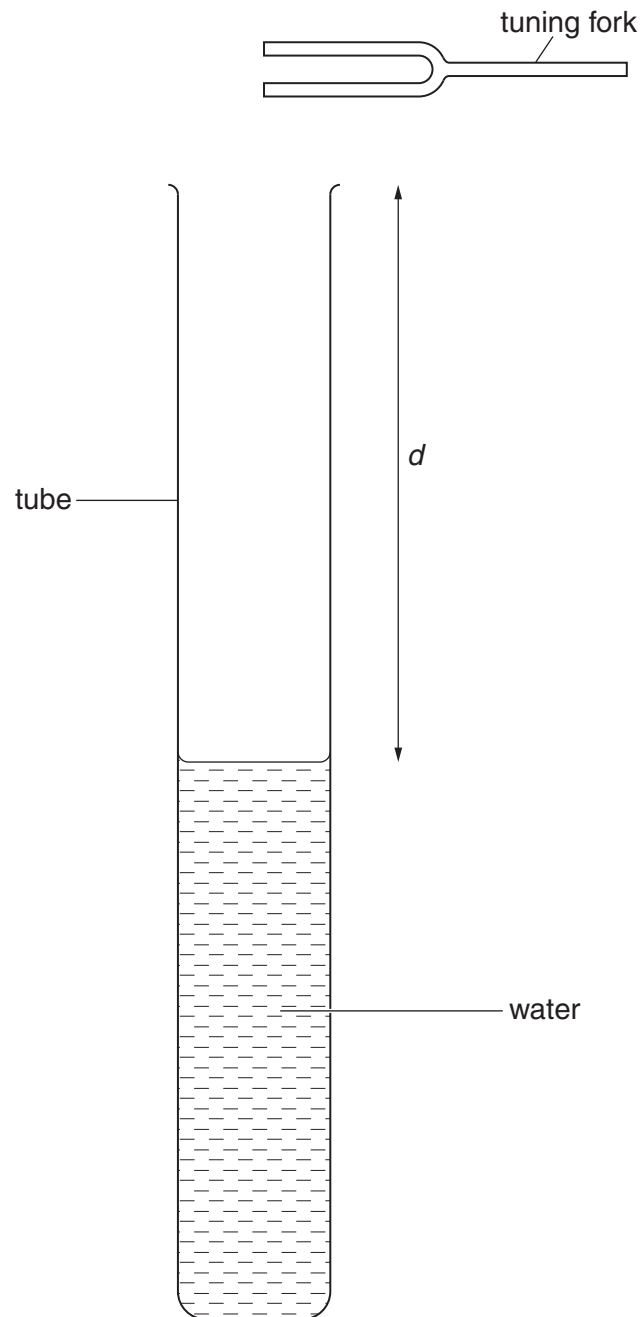


Fig. 2.1

For different tuning forks, the water level is adjusted until resonance occurs. For each tuning fork, the frequency f and distance d are recorded.

Question 2 continues on the next page.

It is suggested that f and d are related by the equation

$$4(d + k) = \frac{v}{f}$$

where v is the speed of sound in air and k is a constant.

- (a) A graph is plotted of d on the y -axis against $\frac{1}{f}$ on the x -axis. Determine expressions for the gradient and y -intercept in terms of k and v .

gradient =

y -intercept =

[1]

- (b) Values of f and d are given in Fig. 2.2.

f/Hz	d/cm	
320	24.5 ± 0.5	
340	23.0 ± 0.5	
378	20.5 ± 0.5	
428	18.0 ± 0.5	
480	16.0 ± 0.5	
512	15.0 ± 0.5	

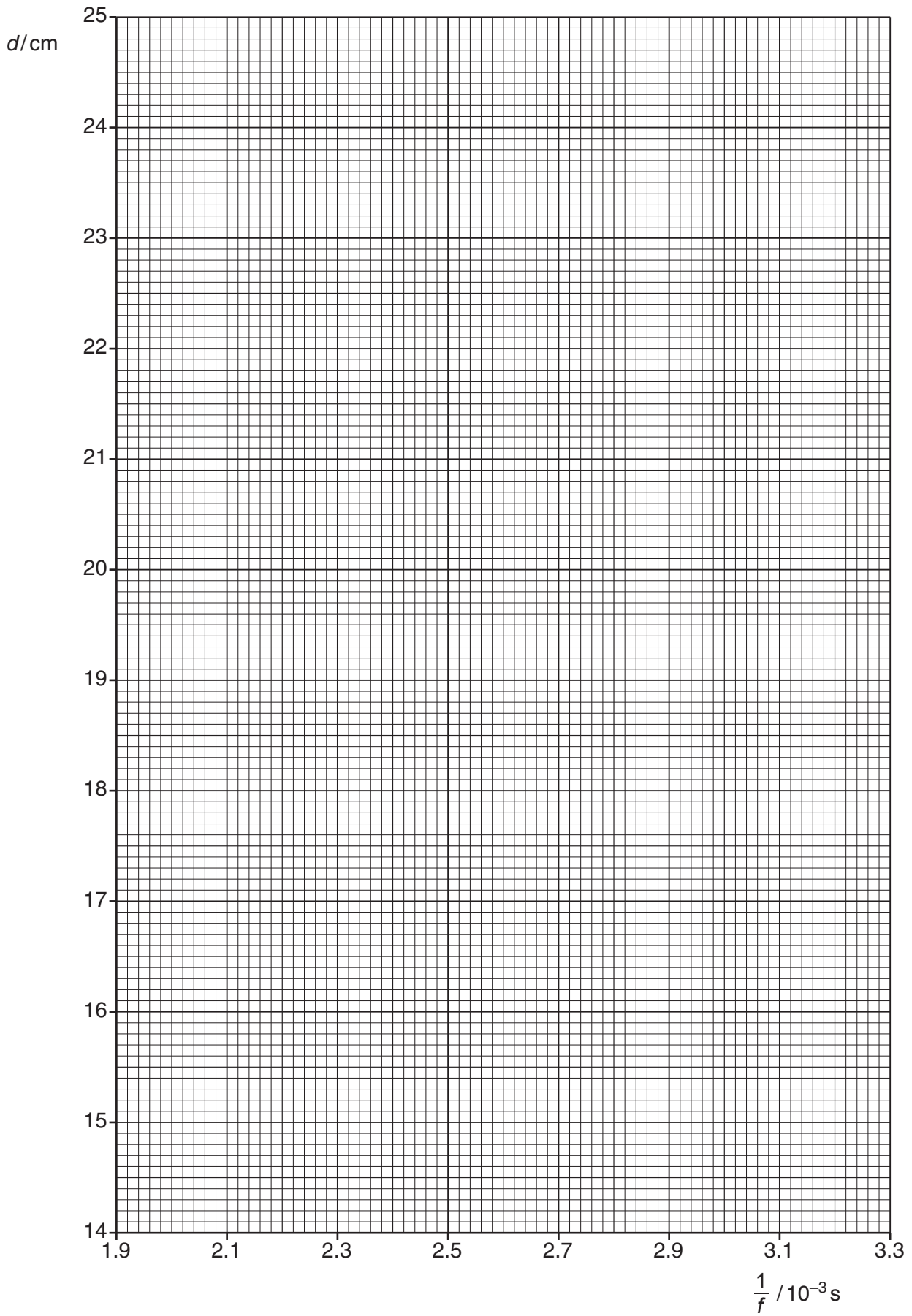
Fig. 2.2

Calculate and record values of $\frac{1}{f}/10^{-3}\text{s}$ in Fig. 2.2. [2]

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of d/cm against $\frac{1}{f}/10^{-3}\text{s}$. Include error bars for d . [2]
- (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]
- (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the uncertainty in your answer.

gradient = [2]

For
Examiner's
Use



- (iv) Determine the y -intercept of the line of best fit. Include the uncertainty in your answer.

For
Examiner's
Use

y -intercept = [2]

- (d) Using your answers to (c)(iii) and (c)(iv), determine values for k and v . Include appropriate units in your answers. Include the absolute uncertainties in k and v .

k =

v = [2]

- (e) (i) The experiment is repeated with a tuning fork of unknown frequency. The distance d is measured as 31.0 ± 0.5 cm. Determine the frequency of the tuning fork.

f = Hz [1]

- (ii) Determine the percentage uncertainty in your value of f .

percentage uncertainty =% [1]

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