

CANDIDATE
NAME

--

CENTRE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--	--

CANDIDATE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--

MATHEMATICS

9709/22

Paper 2 Pure Mathematics 2 (P2)

February/March 2017

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.



- 1** Solve the equation $2 \ln(2x) - \ln(x + 3) = \ln(3x + 5)$. [5]

[illegible]

- 2 (i) Given that $\tan 2\theta \cot \theta = 8$, show that $\tan^2 \theta = \frac{3}{4}$. [3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

- (ii) Hence solve the equation $\tan 2\theta \cot \theta = 8$ for $0^\circ < \theta < 180^\circ$. [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

3 (i) Solve the inequality $|2x - 5| < |x + 3|$.

[4]

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

(ii) Hence find the largest integer y satisfying the inequality $|2 \ln y - 5| < |\ln y + 3|$.

[2]

[illegible]

4 Find the gradient of the curve

$$x^2 \sin y + \cos 3y = 4$$

at the point $(2, \frac{1}{2}\pi)$.

[6]

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

(i) Show that $a = \frac{1}{3} \ln(251 - a - a^2)$. [5]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, typical of notebook paper or a worksheet template. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

- (ii)** Use an iterative formula based on the equation in part **(i)** to find the value of a correct to 4 significant figures. Give the result of each iteration to 6 significant figures. [3]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

6 The polynomial $p(x)$ is defined by

$$p(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 - 17x - a,$$

where a and b are constants. It is given that $(x + 2)$ is a factor of $p(x)$ and that the remainder is 28 when $p(x)$ is divided by $(x - 2)$.

(i) Find the values of a and b .

[5]

[illegible]

(ii) Hence factorise $p(x)$ completely.

[3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(iii) State the number of roots of the equation $p(2^y) = 0$, justifying your answer.

[2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



The shaded region is bounded by the curve and the two axes.

where the values of the constants k_1 and k_2 are to be determined.

[5]

[illegible]

9709/22/F/M/17

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.