

- 1** A tram starts from rest and moves with uniform acceleration for 20 s. The tram then travels at a constant speed, $V \text{ m s}^{-1}$, for 170 s before being brought to rest with a uniform deceleration of magnitude twice that of the acceleration. The total distance travelled by the tram is 2.775 km.

(a) Sketch a velocity-time graph for the motion, stating the total time for which the tram is moving. [2]

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(b) Find V . [2]

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(c) Find the magnitude of the acceleration. [2]

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- 4** Small smooth spheres A and B , of equal radii and of masses 4 kg and 2 kg respectively, lie on a smooth horizontal plane. Initially B is at rest and A is moving towards B with speed 10 m s^{-1} . After the spheres collide A continues to move in the same direction but with half the speed of B .

(a) Find the speed of B after the collision. [2]

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A third small smooth sphere C , of mass 1 kg and with the same radius as A and B , is at rest on the plane. B now collides directly with C . After this collision B continues to move in the same direction but with one third the speed of C .

(b) Show that there is another collision between A and B . [3]

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(c) A and B coalesce during this collision.

Find the total loss of kinetic energy in the system due to the three collisions. [5]

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5 A car of mass 1250 kg is moving on a straight road.

(a) On a horizontal section of the road, the car has a constant speed of 32 m s^{-1} and there is a constant force of 750 N resisting the motion.

(i) Calculate, in kW, the power developed by the engine of the car. [2]

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(ii) Given that this power is suddenly decreased by 8 kW, find the instantaneous deceleration of the car. [3]

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- 6 A particle P moves in a straight line. The velocity $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$ at time $t \text{ s}$ is given by

$$\begin{aligned} v &= 2t + 1 && \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 5, \\ v &= 36 - t^2 && \text{for } 5 \leq t \leq 7, \\ v &= 2t - 27 && \text{for } 7 \leq t \leq 13.5. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Sketch the velocity-time graph for $0 \leq t \leq 13.5$. [3]

- (b) Find the acceleration at the instant when $t = 6$. [2]

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