



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
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MATHEMATICS

9709/13

Paper 1 Pure Mathematics 1

May/June 2021

1 hour 50 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



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- 1** A curve with equation $y = f(x)$ is such that $f'(x) = 6x^2 - \frac{8}{x^2}$. It is given that the curve passes through the point $(2, 7)$.

Find $f(x)$.

[3]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dashed lines, typical of primary-ruled notebook paper. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- 2** The function f is defined by $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}(2x - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2x$ for $\frac{1}{2} < x < a$. It is given that f is a decreasing function.

Find the maximum possible value of the constant a .

[4]

[illegible]

- 3** A line with equation $y = mx - 6$ is a tangent to the curve with equation $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$.

Find the possible values of the constant m , and the corresponding coordinates of the points at which the line touches the curve. [6]

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- 4 (a) Show that the equation

$$\frac{\tan x + \sin x}{\tan x - \sin x} = k,$$

where k is a constant, may be expressed as

$$\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x} = k. \quad [2]$$

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- (b) Hence express $\cos x$ in terms of k . [2]

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- (c) Hence solve the equation $\frac{\tan x + \sin x}{\tan x - \sin x} = 4$ for $-\pi < x < \pi$. [2]

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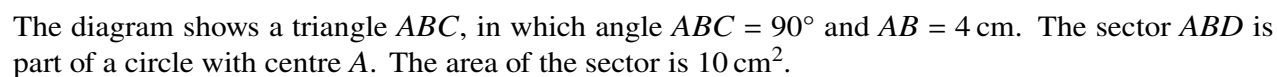
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- [illegible]

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6 Functions f and g are both defined for $x \in \mathbb{R}$ and are given by

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 5,$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 4x + 13.$$

- (a) By first expressing each of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ in completed square form, express $g(x)$ in the form $f(x + p) + q$, where p and q are constants. [4]

[illegible]

- (b)** Describe fully the transformation which transforms the graph of $y = f(x)$ to the graph of $y = g(x)$. [2]

[illegible]

- 7 (a) Write down the first four terms of the expansion, in ascending powers of x , of $(a - x)^6$. [2]

- (b) Given that the coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of $\left(1 + \frac{2}{ax}\right)(a - x)^6$ is -20 , find in exact form the possible values of the constant a . [5]

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

8 Functions f and g are defined as follows:

$$f : x \mapsto x^2 - 1 \text{ for } x < 0,$$

$$g : x \mapsto \frac{1}{2x+1} \text{ for } x < -\frac{1}{2}.$$

(a) Solve the equation $fg(x) = 3$.

[4]

[illegible]

This image shows a full page of a handwriting practice worksheet. It consists of approximately 20 horizontal rows. Each row is defined by two parallel dotted lines, creating a series of uniform gaps for letter height. The entire page is otherwise blank, with no margins, text, or other markings.

- 9 (a)** A geometric progression is such that the second term is equal to 24% of the sum to infinity.

Find the possible values of the common ratio.

[3]

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- (b) An arithmetic progression P has first term a and common difference d . An arithmetic progression Q has first term $2(a + 1)$ and common difference $(d + 1)$. It is given that

$$\frac{\text{5th term of } P}{\text{12th term of } Q} = \frac{1}{3} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\text{Sum of first 5 terms of } P}{\text{Sum of first 5 terms of } Q} = \frac{2}{3}.$$

Find the value of a and the value of d .

[6]

[illegible]

10 Points $A(-2, 3)$, $B(3, 0)$ and $C(6, 5)$ lie on the circumference of a circle with centre D .

(a) Show that angle $ABC = 90^\circ$. [2]

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(b) Hence state the coordinates of D . [1]

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(c) Find an equation of the circle. [2]

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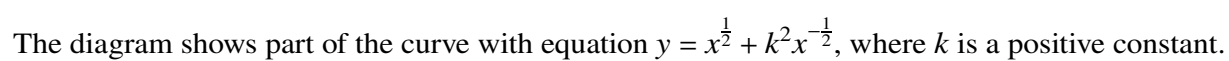
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The point E lies on the circumference of the circle such that BE is a diameter.

- (d) Find an equation of the tangent to the circle at E . [5]

[illegible]



- [illegible]

The tangent at the point on the curve where $x = 4k^2$ intersects the y -axis at P .

- (b) Find the y -coordinate of P in terms of k . [4]

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The shaded region is bounded by the curve, the x -axis and the lines $x = \frac{9}{4}k^2$ and $x = 4k^2$.

- (c) Find the area of the shaded region in terms of k . [3]

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